<u>Annexure – I</u>

CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH BIHAR



Master of Science in Biotechnology (M.Sc. Biotechnology) Programme Syllabus (Effective from Academic Session 2022-2023)

Department of Biotechnology School of Earth, Biological and Environmental Sciences

August 5, 2022

Central University of South Bihar Department of Biotechnology Proposed Course Structure for M. Sc. Biotechnology as per NEP 2020

Course Duration: 2 years [4 Semesters] (80 Credits)

The Department of Biotechnology is currently offering M.Sc. Degree in Biotechnology. The programme includes well-designed theory and practical courses. Innovation-based training is the key to train students with a special emphasis on understanding the basic as well as modern concepts in biological processes for pursuing research in frontier areas of Biological Sciences. The Programme equip the students with deep theoretical as well as practical understanding of different aspects of biological processes and promote them to take on an integrative approach for their studies and research.

Biotechnology has emerged as a major thrust area in the field of science and technology having potential to boost the economy of several countries including India. The voice of global Biotechnology in 21st century is to transfer the bio-based technology from "Lab to Land and from Bench to Business" to bring the cost of bio-based commodities within the reach of common man. The courses in Biotechnology program are mainly related to recent and emerging trends in Biology but the students are also taught Research Methodology which enables them to analyse their data, draw meaningful conclusions and publishing in reputed journals. The Programme equally gives emphasis on integrated approaches to human health, recombinant DNA technology, transgenic development, infection and immunity and bioinformatics. Students work directly with faculty on real-time projects, gaining hands-on skills necessary to solve emerging problems.

Department of Biotechnology is equipped with state-of-the-art equipment and continue to upgrade its infrastructure that provide a stimulating environment for teaching and research.

Degree in Biotechnology

M. Sc. Degree in Biotechnology

The two year (four semesters) Post-Graduate Programme in Biotechnology has interdisciplinary approach with participation of faculty and researchers across the University based on NEP2020 pattern with an option of exit after one year leading to Post Graduate diploma in Biotechnology. Hands-on training with professional and management skills are keys to our teaching pedagogy. This programme focuses on to build the students a responsible educator/researcher and follow ethics in research and policy. We are equally giving emphasis on integrated approaches to human health, transgenic crop development, environmental sciences, skill development and bioinformatics. The course also comprised of project dissertation, presentation and comprehensive viva-voce as part of evaluation system. There is option of entry in the second year M.Sc program (3rd semester) provided the student fulfill the eligibility criteria completing the 4-year Bachelor degree in Research subject to availability of the seat in the department. Students are also visiting major research institutions in the form of educational/excursion tour and Biotechnology industries to provide them opportunity to learn various aspects of process and product developments. One of the major goals of the Biotechnology programme is to engage the students by actively involving them in cutting-edge research and development.

Currently, departmental research is mainly focused in the areas of Antimicrobial Resistance, Biofilm, Behavioral Neuroscience, Cancer Biology, Fabrication of Bioplastics, Genetic Engineering, Genesis of Secondary Metabolites, Immunology, Molecular Marker Development, Molecular Diagnostics, Microbial Diversity, Stem Cell Therapy, Signal Transduction, and Transcription Factors. Apart from the above activities, M.Sc. Biotechnology Programme prepares the students to be the leaders in research, policy writing and business entrepreneur.

Biotechnology Laboratory

Biotechnology laboratory is equipped with state of the art technology and equipment that provide a stimulating environment for teaching and research. The list includes Biosafety Cabinets, Laminar Air Flow, Autoclave, Water bath, Low temperature circulatory water bath, Dry Heating Block, Rotatory

Shaker, Stackable Incubator Shaker, Sonicator, Compound, Fluorescence, and Inverted Microscopes, refrigerated centrifuges, microcentrifuge, Nano Drop UV/VIS Spectrophotometer, ELISA Plate Reader, Spectrophotometer, Gradient Thermal Cycler, Real-Time PCR, UV/VIS Transilluminator, Gel Documentation Systems, Horizontal and Vertical gel electrophoresis, Trans-Blot System, Hybridization oven, Deep Freezers (-20^o C and -86^o C), Flow cytometer, HPLC, Ice-Flake Machine, Cryo-Can, Lyophilizer, Milli-Q Water System. Animal, plant and microbial culture are also available but need upgradation to BSL2/BSL3 level and other infrastructures.

Course Code	Courses		Credits		
			Т	Ρ	
	Semester I				
BTN 8 1 DC 001 04	Cell & Molecular Biology	3	0	1	
BTN 8 1 DC 002 04	Biochemistry	3	0	1	
BTN 8 1 DC 003 04	Tools & Techniques in Biotechnology	3	0	1	
BTN 8 1 DC 004 04	Introductory Course on Research Methodology (Including Bioinformatics and Biostatistics) (Research Methodology, compulsory in 1 st Semester instead of 2 nd Semester)	3	1	0	
DBCC Credit			16		
	Semester II				
BTN 8 2 DC 005 04	Microbiology (Indian Knowledge System)	3	1	0	
BTN 8 2 DC 006 04	Immunology & Immunotechniques (Vocational Course)	3	1	0	
BTN 8 2 DC 007 04	Enzymology & Enzyme technology	3	0	1	
BTN 8 2 DC 008 02	Practicals in Microbiology	0	0	2	
BTN 8 2 DC 009 02	Practicals in Immunology & Immunotechniques	0	0	2	
DBCC Credit			16		
	Semester III				
BTN 9 1 DC 001 04	Recombinant DNA Technology	3	0	1	
BTN 9 1 DC 002 04	Bioprocess Engineering	3	0	1	
BTN 9 1 DC 003 04	Animal Biotechnology (Value addition)	3	0	1	
BTN 9 1 DC 004 04	Plant Biotechnology (Skill Enhancement)	3	0	1	
DBCC Credit			16		
	Semester IV				
BTN 9 2 DC 005 20	Project Dissertation [#]	0	0	20	
DBCC Credit			20		
Total Credit for Discipline Based Core Course			68		

Discipline Based Core Course (DBCC)

[#] The student shall carry out the dissertation work outside CUSB or within CUSB as recommended by DC. Department will provide the recommendation letters for the same. However, they have to follow the academic calendar of the CUSB.

Discipline Based Core Elective (DBCE), Open Elective Interdisciplinary Course (OEIC)

Course Code	Code	Courses Cred			s
			L	Т	Ρ
Elective Course		Any three electives in one and half years of M.Sc Program to be chosen. (i) One from parent Department i.e., DBCE and (ii) Two from Other Department/School (OEIC)			
		Semester I			
BTN 8 1 OE 010 04	OEIC	Biodiversity, Conservation and Environmental Biotechnology	3	1	0
BTN 8 1 DE 011 04	DBCE	Developmental Biology		1	0
		Semester II			
BTN 8 2 OE 012 04	OEIC	Neuroscience	3	1	0
BTN 8 2 DE 013 04	DBCE	Cancer Biology		1	0
		Semester III			
BTN 9 1 DE 006 04	DBCE	Molecular Diagnostics and Stem Cell Technology		0	1
		Semester IV			
BTN 9 2 OE 007 04	OEIC	IPR, Bioethics and Biosafety		1	0
DBCE taken by student				4	
OEIC taken by student				8	
Total Credit for Elect	ive Cours	e (DBCE and OEIC)		12	

Mandatory Elective Noncredit Course (MENC)

	MENC designed by Department	L	Т	Ρ
BTN 8 1 ME 014 00	Drosophila as a Research Model	1	0	1
BTN 8 2 ME 015 00	Summer Training* (for 2 nd Semester students during summer vacation)	0	0	2
BTN 9 1 ME 008 00	Village Based Skills (Whole Department)	0	0	2
BTN 9 1 ME 009 00	Field and Excursion Tour (Whole Department)	0	0	2
	MENC on Swayam			
	Introductory Mathematical Methods for Biologists			
	Bio-energetics of Life Processes			
	Principles of Downstream Techniques in Bioprocess			
	Human Molecular Genetics			

Note: Swayam based courses are updated regularly and students can select any other updated courses even if it is not mentioned in the list given above. But they should follow the criteria of 2 non-credit course either alone or in combination of two courses. * Summer Training will be under MENC category for 2nd Semester only.

DISCIPLINE BASED CORE COURSE Semester I

Course Details					
	Course Title: Cell and Molecular Biology				
Course Code	BTN 8 1 DC 001 04	Credits	4		
L + T + P	3 + 0 + 1	Course Duration	One Semester		
Semester	Odd	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 30 (P) Hours		
Course Type	Discipline Based Cor	e Course (DBCC)			
Nature of the Course	Theory cum Practicum				
Special Nature/	Not Applicable				
Category of the					
Course (if applicable)					
Methods of Content Interaction	Lecture, practicals, group discussion, self-study, seminar, individual and group drills, assignments and presentation by students.				
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 				

Course Objectives:

- ♦ To teach students about basic concepts and methodology in Cell and Molecular Biology.
- ♦ To gain knowledge in scientific progress, investigation, interpretation, empirical evidence, logical interpretation using inductive and deductive reasoning in cell biology.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- To know about discoveries and concept in cell and molecular biology that will open an era of understanding, both of ourselves and around us.
- To give insight into development in molecular biology, and to explore exciting scientific applications benefiting all of society.

Course Contents (Theory):

UNIT I: Diversity of cells

Structure and functions: prokaryotic, eukaryotic cells; The structural and functional organizations of cell membrane, ionic transport (passive and active transport), the extra-cellular matrix of eukaryotes, cell wall. Structure and functions of endoplasmic reticulum, golgi complex, ribosome lysosomes, peroxisomes (glyoxysomes), plastids and mitochondria. Nucleus and nuclear ingredients, proteins associated with nuclei. packaging of genetic material: nucleosome model, Organization of chromatin: chromosome structure.

UNIT II: Cell-cycle and regulation

Steps in cell cycle, yeast as a model system, cell division control and regulation: yeast *cdc* gene, role of cyclins and cdk. Cell signaling: exocrine, endocrine, paracrine and surface receptor mediated transduction (DAG, Ca⁺², c-AMP, G-proteins). Cell motility: microtubules, microfilaments and intermediate element.

UNIT III: Structure and function of nucleic acids

Structure, properties and functions of DNA and RNA, secondary and tertiary level organization, Various DNA forms, super coiling, melting of DNA, thermal denaturation and renaturation kinetics, Cot Curve, DNA Replication.

UNIT IV: Gene expression of prokaryotes & eukaryotes

(17% Weightage; 10 lectures)

(25% Weightage; 15 lectures)

(8% Weightage: 5 lectures)

Structure of bacterial RNA polymerase, transcription events, and sigma factor cycle, eukaryotic RNA polymerase, promoter sequences, TATA box, Hogness Box, CAAT box, enhancers, upstream activating sequences, initiation and termination of transcription factor, RNA processing in prokaryotes vs eukaryotes, spliceosome. transcriptomics.

UNIT V: Translation and gene regulation

(13% Weightage; 8 lectures)

(25 % weightage)

Prokaryotic and eukaryotic translation, the translation machinery, mechanisms of initiation, elongation and termination, post-translational modifications and intracellular proteins transport. Gene regulation: control of gene expression in prokaryotes, operon model: *lac* operon and *trp* operon.

UNIT VI: Methods in cell and molecular biology (Practicum)

Practicum (Experiment 1 to 10).

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

Lecture cum	
Discussion	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic
(Each Session	
of 1 Hour)	
UNIT I: Diversit	y of cells
1	Structure and functions, prokaryotic, eukaryotic cells
2-3	The structural and functional organizations of cell membrane, ionic transport
4.5	(Passive and active transport)
4-5	The extra-cellular matrix of eukaryotes, cell wall
6	Structure and functions of endoplasmic reticulum
/	Golgi complex
8	Ribosome lysosomes, peroxisomes (glyoxysomes)
9-10	Plastids and mitochondria
11	Nucleus and nuclear ingredients
12	Proteins associated with nuclei
13-14	Packaging of genetic material: nucleosome model
15	Organization of chromatin.: chromosome structure
UNIT II: Cell cyc	cle and regulation
16-18	Steps in cell cycle, yeast as a model system, cell division control and regulation:
10.00	yeast cdc gene, role of cyclins and cdk
19-22	Cell signaling: exocrine, endocrine, paracrine and surface receptor mediated transduction (DAG, Ca ⁺² , c-AMP, G-Proteins)
23-24	Cell motility: microtubules, microfilaments
25	Intermediate element
Unit III: Structu	re and function of nucleic acids
26	Nucleic acids: structure, properties and functions of DNA and RNA
27	DNA forms, super coiling, melting of DNA, thermal denaturation
28	Renaturation kinetics, Cot curve
29-30	DNA replication
Unit IV: Gene ex	xpression of prokaryotes & eukaryotes
31	Structure of bacterial RNA polymerase, transcription events, and sigma factor cycle, eukaryotic RNA polymerase
32-34	Promoter sequences, TATA box, Hogness Box, CAAT box, enhancers, upstream
	activating sequences, initiation and termination of transcription factor
35-36	RNA processing in prokaryotes vs eukaryotes, spliceosome
37	Transcriptomics
Unit V:Translati	ion and regulation
38-40	Prokaryotic and eukaryotic translation, the translation machinery, mechanisms of
	initiation, elongation and termination
41-42	Post-translational modifications
43	Intracellular proteins transport
44-45	Gene regulation: control of gene expression in prokaryotes, operon model: <i>lac</i> operon and <i>trp</i> operon
Unit VI: Method	s in Cell and Molecular Biology

1-3	0	Practicum (Experiment 1 to 10)
Sug	ggested Rea	dings:
1.	Watson, J. I	D. (2017). Molecular Biology of the Gene (7th ed.). Pearson press.
2.	Lodish, H. e	t. al., (2021), Molecular Cellular Biology, Macmillan Press.

Karp, G. (2017). *Cell and Molecular Biology* (9th ed.), Willey press.
 DeRoberties, E. D. P. (2017). *Cell and Molecular Biology* (8th ed.). South Asian Edition.

UNIT VI: Methods in Cell and Molecular Biology (Practicum) (25 % weightage)

Course Content:

Experiment 1	Determination of Blood group of given Blood sample
Experiment 2	Mitosis/Meiosis in onion root tips and flower
Experiment 3	Osmosis demonstration in Tradescantia leaf
Experiment 4	Isolation of chloroplast/mitochondria from Plant/animal tissues
Experiment 5	Analysis on subcellular fractionations : Exploring Cells through Centrifugation
Experiment 6	Competent cells preparation of <i>E.coli</i> cells
Experiment 7	Transformation of plasmid DNA into competent E.coli cells
Experiment 8	Transformation efficiency calculation of competent Cells
Experiment 9	Restriction digestion of plasmid DNA
Experiment 10	Agarose gel electrophoresis for visualization of restriction digested DNA

Content Interaction Plan (Practicum):

Practicum cum Discussion (Each Session of 2 Hours)	Methods/Practicum/Experiment
1-2	Experiment 1: Determination of Blood group of given Blood sample
2-4	Experiment 2: Mitosis/Meiosis in onion root tips and flower
5-7	Experiment 3: Osmosis demonstration in Tradescantia leaf
8-10	Experiment 4: Isolation of chloroplast/mitochondria from Plant/animal tissues
11-12	Experiment 5: Subcellular fractionation by differential centrifugation
13-15	Experiment 6: Competent cells preparation of <i>E.coli</i> cells
16-20	Experiment 7: Transformation of plasmid DNA into competent E.coli cells
21-25	Experiment 8: Transformation efficiency calculation of competent cells
26-28	Experiment 9: Restriction digestion of plasmid DNA
29-30	Experiment 10: Agarose gel electrophoresis for visualization of restriction digested DNA

Course Details			
	Course Title: Biochemistry		
Course Code	BTN 8 1 DC 002 04	Credits	4
L+T+P	3 + 0 + 1	Course Duration	One Semester
Semester	Odd	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 30 (P) Hours
Course Type	Discipline Based Core Course (DBCC)		
Nature of the Course	Theory cum Practicum		
Special Nature/	Skill Enhancement		
Category of the	of the		
Course (if applicable)	(if applicable)		
Methods of Content	Lecture, practicals, group discussion, self-study, seminar, individual and		
Interaction	group drills, assignments and presentation by students.		
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 		

Course Objectives:

- To train students to understand about different biomolecules, their structure and function.
- ♦ To acquaint the students with the chemistry of biological systems and to unravel the chemistry of the living state.
- ∻ To help the students unravel the importance of biomolecules in medical and clinical problems.
- ∻ To develop the ability to understand and do research on different biochemical problems up to molecular level.
- ♦ To give training covering both classical and applied aspects of biochemistry including basic techniques like qualitative and quantitative analysis of various biomolecules.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- Understanding about different biomolecules of life.
- \geq Analyze different biochemical processes and their significance.
- \triangleright Plan different biochemical tests in order to know about diseases.

Course Contents (Theory):

Unit I: Biophysical chemistry

(10% Weightage: 7 lectures) Details of various bonds and forces in biomolecules, pH, pK, buffers, acid base theories, ionization of weak acids and bases. Henderson Hasselbalch equation, Titration curves and buffering action. Laws of thermodynamics, colligative properties, Gibb's free energy, biosensor.

Unit II: Amino acids and proteins

(20% Weightage; 12 lectures) Structure, properties, classification and functions, naturally occurring modifications of amino acids in proteins, non-protein amino acids. Secondary structure, domains, motif and folds, Ramachandran plots, protein folding and chaperones.

Unit III: Structure and function of carbohydrates

Classification, types, optical isomerism, mutarotation, basic structure and functions of monosaccharides, oligosaccharides, polysaccharides, proteoglycans, glycoproteins, peptidoglycans and bacterial cell walls.

Unit IV: Structure and function of lipids

Classification, structure, properties and function of fatty acids and lipids, phospholipids, glycolipids, sphingolipids, cerebrosides, steroids, prostaglandins, lipids as signals, cofactors and pigments.

Unit V: Bioenergetics and metabolic pathways

Glycolysis, gluconeogenesis, Krebs cycle, oxidative phosphorylation, high energy compounds, degradation of lipids, biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidines, de Novo and salvage pathway, Vitamins.

Unit VI: Methods in Biochemistry

Practicum (Experiment 1 to 9).

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

Lecture cum Discussion (Each Session of 1 Hour)	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic
Unit I: Biophysic	cal chemistry
1	Details of various bonds and forces in biomolecules
2	pH, pK, buffers
3	Acid base theories, ionization of weak acids and bases
4	Henderson Hasselbalch equation, titration curves and buffering action
5	Laws of thermodynamics

(18% Weightage; 10 lectures)

(17% Weightage; 9 lectures)

(10% Weightage; 7 lectures)

(25% Weightage)

6	Colligative properties	
7	Gibb's free energy, biosensos	
Unit II: Amino acids and proteins		
8-14	Structure, properties, classification and functions	
15	Naturally occurring modifications of amino acids in proteins	
16	Non-protein amino acids	
17	Secondary structure, domains, motif and folds	
18	Ramachandran plots	
19	Protein folding and chaperones	
Unit III: Structur	e and function of carbohydrates	
20-23	Classification, types	
24	Optical isomerism, mutarotation	
25-27	Basic structure and functions of monosaccharides, oligosaccharides,	
	polysaccharides	
28	Proteoglycans, glycoproteins	
29	Peptidoglycans and bacterial cell walls	
Unit IV Structure and function of lipids		
30-33	Classification, structure, properties and function of fatty acids and lipids	
34	Phospholipids	
35	Glycolipids, sphingolipids	
36	Cerebrosides	
37	Steroids, prostaglandins	
38	Lipids as signals, cofactors and pigments	
Unit V: Bioenerg	etics and metabolic pathways	
39-40	Glycolysis, gluconeogenesis, Krebs cycle	
41-42	High energy compounds, degradation of lipids	
43	Oxidative phosphorylation	
44	Biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidines, <i>de Novo</i> and salvage pathway	
45	Vitamins	
Unit VI: Methods	s in Biochemistry	
1-30	Practicum (Experiment 1 to 9)	
Suggested Read	lings:	
1. Ferrier, D. R. (2014). <i>Biochemistry (Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews Series)</i> . Wolter Kluwer.		
2. Garrett, R. H., & Grisham, C. M. (2012). <i>Biochemistry</i> . Wadsworth Publishing Co Inc.		

3. Lehninger, A., Nelson, D. L., & Cox, M. M. (2017). *Principles of Biochemistry*. WH Freeman.

4. Plummer, D. T. (2017). An introduction to Practical Biochemistry. McGraw Hill Education.

Unit VI: Methods in Biochemistry (Practicum)

(25% Weightage)

Course Content:

Experiment 1	Qualitative analysis of lipids by Acrolein test.
Experiment 2	Qualitative/ quantitative analysis of cholesterol by Salkowski test.
Experiment 3	Qualitative analysis of amino acids by Ninhydrin test.
Experiment 4	Qualitative analysis of proteins by Biuret test.
Experiment 5	Qualitative/ quantitative analysis of carbohydrates by Molisch's test.
Experiment 6	Qualitative analysis of reducing and non-reducing carbohydrates by Fehling's
	test and Bradford's test.
Experiment 7	Preparation of standard curve for quantitative estimation of proteins using BSA
	by Lowry's method.
Experiment 8	Methylene blue reductase test.
Experiment 9	Tests for food adulterations.

Content Interaction Plan (Practicum):

Practicum cum	Methods/Practicum/Experiment
D ¹	······································
Discussion	
(Each Section	
(Each Session	
N	

of 2 Hours)		
1-3	Experiment 1: Qualitative analysis of lipids by Acrolein test.	
3-6	Experiment 2: Qualitative/quantitative analysis of cholesterol by Salkowski test.	
7-9	Experiment 3: Qualitative analysis of amino acids by Ninhydrin test.	
10-12	Experiment 4: Qualitative analysis of proteins by Biuret test.	
13-15	Experiment 5: Qualitative/quantitative analysis of carbohydrates by Molisch's	
	test.	
16-18	Experiment 6: Qualitative analysis of reducing and non-reducing carbohydrates	
	by Fehling's test and Bradford's test.	
19-24	Experiment 7: Preparation of standard curve for quantitative estimation of	
	proteins using BSA by Lowry's method.	
25-27	Experiment 8: Methylene blue reductase test.	
28-30	Experiment 9: Tests for food adulterations.	

Course Details			
Course Title: Tools & Techniques in Biotechnology			
Course Code	BTN 8 1 DC 003 04	Credits	4
L+T+P	3 + 0 + 1	Course Duration	One Semester
Semester	Odd	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 30 (P)
Course type	Discipline Based Core Course (DBCC)		
Nature of course	Theory cum Practicum		
Special Nature/	Not Applicable		
Category of the			
Course (<i>if applicable</i>)			
Methods of Content Interaction	Lecture, practicals, group discussion, self-study, seminar, individual and group drills, assignments and presentation by students.		
Assessment and	• 30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but		
Evaluation	also contributing to the final grades)		
	 70% - End Te 	rm External Examination	n (University Examination)

Course Objectives:

- أ To aware students with the basic concept, principle and application of various instruments commonly used to conduct experiments in biotechnology.
- To orient the students with tools and techniques used in Biotechnology for performing ∻ experiments, analysis of data and obtained results.
- ∻ To make the students understand how to measure, evaluate, interpret and record the result.
- ∻ To develop skills and competencies in conducting and standardizing a test/experiment.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- Understanding the basic principle and application of different Instruments used in \triangleright Biotechnology.
- \triangleright Differentiate among measurement, assessment and evaluation.

Course Contents (Theory):

UNIT I: Microscopic and centrifugation techniques

(18% Weightage; 11 lectures) Microscopic techniques: Principles and applications of simple, compound, phase-contrast and fluorescence microscopes, confocal microscopy electron microscopy - scanning electron microscopy and transmission electron microscopy. Centrifugation techniques: Principles and application of different types of centrifugation; differential and density gradient centrifugation of biomolecules and their applications.

UNIT II: Spectrophotometric techniques

10

(17% Weightage; 10 lectures)

Spectrophotometric techniques: Electromagnetic spectrum, Beer Lambert's Law, UV/VIS spectrophotometer, fluorescent spectroscopy, spectrophotometry, infrared spectroscopy, atomic absorption spectroscopy, ESR and NMR spectroscopy, mass spectroscopy, circular dichroism.

UNIT III: Chromatographic techniques

Types of chromatography, paper, thin layer, gas, gel permeation, ion-exchange, high performance liquid chromatography, and affinity chromatography, and their applications in biology.

UNIT IV: Electrophoretic techniques

Horizontal and vertical gel electrophoretic system, agarose gel electrophoresis (DNA and RNA), pulsed field gel electrophoresis (PFGE), polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (native and SDS), Immunolectrophoresis, isoelectric focusing and 2-dimension gel electrophoresis, two dimensional differential gel electrophoresis (DIGE), capillary electrophoresis, microchip electrophoresis.

UNIT V: Radiotechniques

Radioactivity and its decay, Geiger-Müller counter, Scintillation counter, autoradiography and safety measures in handling radioisotopes.

UNIT VI: Methods in Tools & Techniques in Biotechnology (Practicum) (25% Weightage) Practicum (Experiment 1 to 8).

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

Lecture cum		
Discussion	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic	
(Each Session		
of 1 Hour)		
Unit I: Microsco	pic and centrifugation techniques	
1-2	Principles and applications: simple, compound microscope	
3-4	Phase-contrast & Dark-field microscope	
5	Fluorescence microscopes.	
6	Confocal microscope	
7	Electron microscopy: SEM and TEM	
8-9	Principles of different types of centrifugation	
10-11	Differential and density gradient centrifugation and ultracentrifugation of	
	biomolecules and their applications	
Unit II: Spectrop	photometric techniques	
12-13	Electromagnetic spectrum, spectrophotometry, Beer Lambert's Law	
14	UV/VIS spectrophotometer	
15	Fluorescent spectroscopy	
16	Infrared spectroscopy	
17	Atomic absorption spectroscopy	
18	NMR spectroscopy	
19-20	ESR and Mass spectroscopy	
21	Circular Dichroism	
UNIT III: Chroma	atographic techniques	
22	Types of chromatography, Paper, thin layer chromatography	
23-24	Gas chromatography, Gel permeation	
25-26	Ion-exchange, affinity chromatography	
27-28	HPLC, Applications of Chromatographic techniques in Biology	
UNIT IV: Electro	UNIT IV: Electrophoretic techniques	
29	Horizontal and vertical gel Electrophoretic system	
30-31	Agarose gel electrophoresis (DNA, RNA)	
32	Polyacrylamide gel (native gel electrophoresis and SDS-PAGE)	
33	Pulsed field gel electrophoresis (PFGE)	
34-35	Two dimensional differential gel electrophoresis (DIGE)	
36-37	Isoelectric focusing and 2-Dimension gel electrophoresis	
38-39	Immunolectrophoresis, capillary electrophoresis	

(12% Weightage; 7 lectures)

(20% Weightage; 12 lectures)

(8% Weightage: 5 lectures)

40	Microchip electrophoresis	
UNIT V: Radiotechniques		
41	Radioactivity and its decay	
42	Geiger-Müller counter	
43	Scintillation counter	
44	Autoradiography	
45	Safety measures in handling radioisotopes	
Unit-VI: Methods in Tools and Techniques in Biotechnology		
1-30 Practicum (Experiment 1 to 8)		
Suggested Readings:		

- 1. White, R. (1990). *Biochemical Techniques Theory and Practice*. Waveland Press.
- 2. Christion, G. D. (2003). Analytical Chemistry (6th ed.), Wiley.
- 3. Wilson, K., & Walker, J. (2010). *Principles & Techniques of Biochemistry & Molecular Biology* (7th ed.). Cambridge University Press, UK.
- 4. Plummer, D. T. (2007). An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry (3rd ed.). Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Skoog, D. A. F., Holler J., & Crouch S.R. (2007). *Principles of Instrumental Analysis* (6th ed.), Cengage Learning, USA.

UNIT VI: Tools & Techniques in Biotechnology (Practicum)

(25% Weightage)

Course Content:

Experiment 1	Locate a protein expression in the cell using fluorescence microscopy.
Experiment 2	Calculation of cell numbers of the given microbial cell by haemocytometer and
	specifophotometer.
Experiment 3	Quantitative estimation of purified DNA by UV/VIS spectrophotometer.
Experiment 4	Determination of molecular weight of the given DNA sample using agarose gel
	electrophoresis and visualization by gel documentation system.
Experiment 5	SDS-PAGE for separation of proteins in a given sample/ western blot.
Experiment 6	To perform size exclusion/Ion exchange chromatography for protein purification.
Experiment 7	Determination of the molar extinction coefficient (ϵ) of the given sample.
Experiment 8	Determination of substrate concentration of the given unknown solution by Lambert's Beer's Law.

Course Interaction Plan (Practicum):

Practicum cum Discussion (Each Session of 2 Hours)	Methods/Practicum/Experiment
1-6	Experiment 1: Locate a protein expression in the cell using fluorescence microscopy.
7-9	Experiment 2: Calculation of cell numbers of the given microbial cell by haemocytometer and spectrophotometer.
10-12	Experiment 3: Quantitative estimation of purified DNA by UV/VIS spectrophotometer.
13-15	Experiment 4: Determination of molecular weight of the given DNA sample using agarose gel electrophoresis and visualization by gel documentation system.
16-20	Experiment 5: SDS-PAGE for separation of proteins in a given sample/ blot.
21-23	Experiment 6: To perform size exclusion/Ion exchange chromatography for protein purification.
24-26	Experiment 7: Determination of the molar extinction coefficient (ϵ) of the given sample.
27-30	Experiment 8: Determination of substrate concentration of the given unknown solution by Lambert's Beer's Law.

Course Details			
Course Title: Introductory Course on Research Methodology			
Course Code	BTN 8 1 DC 004 04	Credits	4
L + T + P	3 + 1 + 0	Course Duration	One Semester
Semester	Odd	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 15 (T)
Course Type	Discipline Based Core Courses (DBCC)		
Nature of the Course	Theory		
Special Nature/	Introductory course on Research Methodology		
Category of the			
Course (<i>if applicable</i>)			
Methods of Content	Lecture, tutorials, group discussion, self-study, seminar, individual and		
Interaction	group drills, assignments and presentation by students.		
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 		

Course Objectives:

- To provide an overview on fundamentals of doing research including scientific terminology, literature, methods, analysis and interpretation of data, preparation of report, presentation, future aspects of research, importance and applications of scientific research to the society.
- An introduction to bioinformatics and a practical guide to the analysis of genes and proteins. It covers computational tools and databases widely used in bioinformatics.
- To provide a broad overview of biostatistics methods and commonly used application in bioscience research. Topics include measurement and categorizing variables, use and misuse of descriptive statistics, testing hypotheses, and applying statistical tests.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- Students will develop core research skills relevant to a wide spectrum of biological research, including written and oral communication, skills in making scientific observations, and recording and analysis of data by participating in discussions or through presentations or group research project associated with a discipline of interest to them.
- Students will learn about biological databases, computational tools to analyse biological data, microarray analysis, proteomics and role of Bioinformatics in drug discovery.
- How to choose and apply statistical tools to data sources, when and how statistical tools can be used to analyze data, and how to interpret others' quantitative studies.

Course Contents (Theory):

UNIT I: Perspectives and getting started with scientific research (20% Weightage; 9 lectures)

Science and technology, meaning and characteristic of research, importance and types of research activities, principles of quality research work, problems encountered in research, scientific attitude and temper, qualities of good researcher, contribution of indian scientists in global research planning and designing of research, criteria and validity of good research, reliability in research, artefacts and bias, managerialism and scientific research, leadership in scientific research.

UNIT II: Research in practice and science communication (14% Weightage; 6 lectures) Literature review, journals, conference proceedings, journal impact factor, citation index, research index, reading a scientific paper, seminar, conference and workshops, scientific paper, writing a scientific paper, communicating to a journal, writing a grant for funding, preparation of research presentation, presenting in power point, open presentation.

UNIT III: Ethics in research

(14% Weightage; 6 lectures)

Research ethics, importance of ethics in research, ethics: values and principles, codes of ethics, research misconduct, dealing with research misconduct, research ethics committees, general ethics and ethical issues.

UNIT IV: Introduction to bioinformatics and data analysis (26% Weightage; 12 lectures) Biological databases- uses –sequence databases-nucleic acid (NCBI, EMBL, DDBJ), proteins-(SWISSPROT), structural databases- PDB, specialized databases – KEGG, OMIM, PubMed. Global and Local alignment, pairwise and multiple sequence alignment, database similarity searches: BLAST, bioinformatics in pharmaceutical industry: drug discovery and pharmacogenomics. Microarray data analysis methods. SAGE (Serial analysis of gene expression).

UNIT V: Descriptive data analysis and inferential statistics (26% Weightage; 12 lectures) Introduction to biostatistics, concept of variables in biological systems. Data representation and summary measures for central tendency, dispersion, skewness and kurtosis of a frequency distribution. Concepts of population and sample, making inference about population from sample, framing hypothesis and possible errors. Testing hypothesis about mean: one sample and two sample cases. ANOVA and regression analysis, chi test.

cture cum scussion Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic ach Session 1 Hour)		
UNIT I: Perspectives of scientific research and getting started with research		
1-9		
UNIT II: Research in practice and scientific writing and scientific presentation		
10-15		
UNIT III: Ethics in Research		
16-21		
UNIT IV: Introduction to bioinformatics and data analysis		
22-33		
UNIT V: Descriptive data analysis and inferential statistics		
34-45		
15 Hours Tutorials		
Suggested Readings:		
1. Mount, D. (2004). Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis (2 nd ed.). Cold Spring		
Harbor Laboratory Press, U.S.		
2. Lesk, A. (2008). Introduction to Bioinformatics (3 rd ed.). OUP Oxiora.		
3. Attwood, L., & Parry-Smith, D. (2001). Introduction to Bioinformatics. Prentice Hall.		
4. Ridweiz, S. A. & Wolfible, D. D. (2005). Introduction to bioinformatics. A Theoretical and Practical Approach (3 rd ed.). Humana		
5 Abbilash M (2010) Introduction to Bioinformatics and Microarray Technology CBS		
6 Baxevanis A D & Francis Quellette B F (2004) Rightformatics: A Practical Quide to		
the Analysis of Genes and Proteins (3 rd ed.). Wiley Interscience.		
7. Knudsen, S., (2004). Guide to Analysis of DNA Microarray Data (2 nd ed.). Wiley-Liss.		
Schena, M., (2002), <i>Microarray Analysis</i> (1 st ed.), Wiley-Liss.		
8. Jagota, A. (2001). Microarray Data Analysis and Visualization. The Bay Press.		
9. Daniel, W. W. (2009). Biostatistics: A Foundation for Analysis in the Health Sciences.		
Wiley.		
10. Das, N. G. (2008). Statistical methods. Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited.		
11. Das, K. K. (2010). An introduction to probability theory. Asian Books Pvt Ltd.		
 Pal, N., & Sarkar, S. (2005). Statistics: Concepts and Applications. Prentice-Hall of India Pvt.Ltd. 		
13. Rosner, B. (2010). Fundamentals of Biostatistics (7th ed.). Cengage Learning, Inc.		
14. Stephenson, G., & Radmore, P. M. (1990). Advanced Mathematical Methods for		
Engineering and Science Students. Cambridge University Press.		
15. Kothari, C. R. (2019). Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques. New Age		

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

- 16. Chaddah, P. (2018). Ethics in Competitive Research: Do not get scooped; do not get plagiarized, India.
- Muralidhar, K., Ghosh, A., Singhvi, A. K. (2019). *Ethics in Science Education, Research and Governance*. Indian National Science Academy (INSA), New Delhi.

Semester II

Course Details			
Course Title: Microbiology			
Course Code	BTN 8 2 DC 005 04	Credits	4
L+T+P	3 + 1 + 0	Course Duration	One Semester
Semester	Even	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 15 (T) Hours
Course type	Discipline Based Core Course (DBCC)		
Nature of course	Theory		
Special Nature/	Indian Knowledge System (partly)		
Category of the			
Course (if applicable)			
Methods of Content	Lecture, tutorials, group discussion, self-study, seminar, individual and		
Interaction	group drills, assignments and presentation by students.		
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 		

Course Objectives:

- The course is designed to cover Indian Knowledge system, scope and history of microbiology, characteristics, molecular taxonomy, structure, metabolism and physiology of microorganisms and how microbes live, divide and causes diseases.
- ∻ Teaching on isolation, identification, antibiotic resistance, genetic recombination and their significance, pathogenesis, microbial growth control methods will be a part of the course.
- This course also includes bacterial, viral and protozoan pathogen, epidemiology, microbial 办 flora and host pathogen interaction.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- Importance of microorganism in real world.
- Concept how different types of microorganism survive, divide, and causes disease. \triangleright
- \triangleright To learn the techniques involving isolation and identification of microbes and their controls.
- \triangleright To get an idea about epidemiology, host pathogen interaction, microflora and their importance in health.

Course Contents (Theory):

UNIT I: Microbes and taxonomy

Sukshmajeev in Vedas and their application, history and scope of microbiology, structure of bacteria, archaebacteria, cyanobacteria, fungi and their cell wall organization, viruses (plant and animal virus) and bacteriophages, culture media and their types, pure culture techniques, serial dilution methods, spread plate, pour plate, streak plate technique, numerical and molecular taxonomy, polyphasic taxonomy and identification of microorganisms.

UNIT II: Microbial growth and control

Microbial growth and nutrition, growth kinetics, growth measurement and its regulation, batch, fedbatch and continuous culture, extremophiles, thermophiles, and their applications, methane oxidizing and methanogenic bacteria, physical and chemical control of microbes, antibiotics and other chemotherapeutic agents.

UNIT III: Microbial metabolism

(27% Weightage; 12 lectures) Metabolic pathways of microbes, aerobic and anaerobic carbon metabolism, glycolysis, ED pathway, pentose phosphate pathway, fermentation, TCA cycle and ETC; photophosphorylation; bacterial motility and transport of nutrients, synthesis of amino acids and other molecules, structure and synthesis of peptidoglycan and other cell wall material, carbon cycle, sulfur cycle, and nitrogen cycles, nitrate reduction, ammonia assimilation, nitrogen fixation and its regulation

(22% Weightage; 10 lectures)

(18% Weightage; 8 lectures)

UNIT IV: Genetic recombination in microbes

Inheritance characters and variability, phenotypes, genotypes and mutation, conjugation, transformation, and transduction (generalized & specialized).

UNIT V: Host-pathogen Interactions

Microbial flora and health, host pathogen interaction, epidemiology of infectious diseases-microbial agents, human pathogenic viruses and bacteria, drug-resistant bacteria, biofilms, life cycle of malarial parasite, leishmania (Kala-Azar), tuberculosis, hepatitis-B virus and AIDS virus.

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

Lecture cum		
Discussion	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic	
(Each Session		
of 1 Hour)		
Unit I: Microbes	and taxonomy	
1	Sukshmajeev in Vedas and their application	
2	History and scope of microbiology	
3	Structure and cell wall organization of bacteria	
4	Structure and cell wall organization of archaebacteria	
5	Structure and cell wall organization of cyanobacteria	
6	Structure and cell wall organization of fungi	
7	Viruses and bacteriophage	
8	Culture media and their types	
9	Pure culture techniques-serial dilution methods	
10	Numerical, molecular and polyphasic taxonomy and identification of	
	microorganisms	
Unit II: Microbia	l growth and control	
11	Microbial growth and population kinetics	
12	Mode of nutrition & nutritional requirements of microorganisms	
13	Measurement of growth and growth regulation	
14	Extremophiles, thermophiles and their applications	
15	Methane oxidizing and methanogenic bacteria	
16	Physical control of microbe	
17	Chemical control of microbes	
18	Antibiotics and other chemotherapeutic agents	
Unit III: Microbial metabolism		
19	Metabolic pathways of microbes, electron transport chain,	
20-21	Anaerobic carbon metabolism - glycolysis, Entner DoudorOff pathway, pentose	
	phosphate pathway, fermentation	
22	Aerobic carbon metabolism - TCA cycle and glyoxalate cycle	
23	Photophosphorylation	
24	Catabolism of lipids and proteins	
25	Bacterial motility and transport of nutrients	
26	Synthesis of amino acids and other molecules	
27	Structure and synthesis of peptidoglycan	
28-30	Carbon cycle and sulfur cycle, nitrogen cycle, nitrogen fixation and its regulation	
Unit IV: Genetic	recombination in microbes	
31	Inheritance characters, variability and mutation	
32	Conjugation	
33	Transformation	
34-35	Transduction, generalized and specialized transduction	
Unit V: Host-pat	hogen interactions	
36	Microbial flora and health	
37	Host pathogen interaction	
38	Epidemiology of infectious diseases-microbial agents	
39	Human pathogenic viruses and bacteria	
40	Antibiotic resistant bacteria and biofilm	

(11% Weightage; 5 lectures)

(22% Weightage; 10 lectures)

41-4	12	Life cycle of Malarial parasite and Leishmania (Kala-Azar)	
43	· <u> </u>	Life cvcle of Tuberculosis	
44-4	45	Life cycle of Hepatitis-B virus and AIDS virus	
15 I	Hours		
Suc	idested Read	ings:	
1	Pommerville	. L.C. (2013) Alcano's Fundamentals of Microbiology (10 th ed.) Jones and Bartlett	
	Publishers, I	nc	
2.	Atlas. R. M.	(1996). Principles of Microbiology (2 nd ed.). McGraw-Hill: Boston. MA.	
3.	Chan, E. C.	S., Pelczar, M. J., & Krieg, N. R. Jr. (2001). Microbiology (5th ed.). McGraw-Hill:	
	India.		
4.	Gornity, G. N	1. (2012). Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology (2 nd ed.). ASM Press.	
5.	Madigan, M.	T., Martinko, J., & Parker, J. (2002). Brock Biology of Micro-organism (10th ed.).	
	Prentice Hall	College Div.	
6.	Willey, J. M.	., Sherwood, L., & Woolverton, C. J. (2016). Prescott's Microbiology (10th ed.).	
	McGraw Hill.		
7.	Talaro, K. P.	, & Chess, B. (2014). Talaro,s Foundations in Microbiology (9th ed.). McGraw Hill	
	Education Pvt. Ltd.		
8.	Hogg, S. (20	13). Essential Microbiology (2 nd ed.) John Wiley and Sons Ltd.	
9.	Schlegel, H.	G. (2008). General Microbiology (7th ed.). Cambridge University Press.	
10.	 Hurst, C. J., Crawford, R. L., Knudsen, G. R., McInerney, M. J. & Stetzenbach, L. D. (2007). Manual of Environmental Microbiology (3rd ed.), Wilev-Blackwell. 		
11.	Schlossberg	, D. (2015). Clinical Infectious Disease (2 nd ed.), Cambridge University Press.	
12.	Spice, W.	J (2007). Clinical Microbiology and Infectious Diseases (2 nd ed.). Churchill	
13	Mandell G I	Roppott J. F. & Dolin, P. (1005) Principles and Practice of Infectious Diseases	
13.	(4 th ed.). Chu	irchill Livingstone.	
14.	Rupp, S., &	Sohn, K. (2009). Host-pathogen Interactions: Methods and Protocols. Humana	
	Press.		
15.	Francisco, M	1. S., & Francisco, B. S. (2016). Host-Microbe Interactions, Series Progress in	
	Molecular Bi	ology and Translational Science (1 st ed.). Volume 142, Elsevier Inc.	
16.	Salyers, A. /	A., & Whitt, D. D. (2005). Revenge of the microbes: how bacterial resistance is	
	undermining	the antibiotic miracle. ASM.	
17.	Mascaretti, C	D. A. (2003). Bacteria verses antibacterial agents: an integrated approach. ASM.	
18.	Costerton, J.	W., & Lappin-Scott, H (1995). Microbial Biofilm. Cambridge University Press.	

Course Details				
Course Title: Immunology & Immunotechniques				
Course Code	BTN 8 2 DC 006 04	Credits	4	
L+T+P	3 + 1 + 0	Course Duration	One Semester	
Semester	Even	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 15 (T) Hours	
Course type	Discipline Based Core Course (DBCC)			
Nature of course	Theory			
Special Nature/	Vocational Course			
Category of the				
Course (if applicable)				
Methods of Content Interaction	Lecture, tutorials, group discussion, self-study, seminar, individual and group drills, assignments and presentation by students.			
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 			

Course Objectives:

- ♦ To introduce students about the exciting and challenging field of immunology with theoretical and practical applications.
 To provide basic and advanced academic training in cellular and molecular immunology.

- ∻ To train students with emphasis on the interface between the basic and clinical aspects of the subject, developing investigative and presentational skills as well.
- ♦ The students get exposed to a wide range of immunological topics during lectures and assignments.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- To understand basics of immunology, and various immune cells. \triangleright
- To gain knowledge about different immunological diseases with their causes. \geq
- \triangleright To understand cytokine biology and how their network interferes with the immune system.
- To know about different therapeutic approaches for combating variety of immunological \triangleright diseases.
- To know about different aspects of applied immunology.

Course Contents (Theory):

Unit I: Basics of immune system

Phylogeny of immune system, innate and acquired immunity, clonal nature of immune response, structure of lymphoid organs. nature and biology of antigens, immunogenicity, antigenicity, haptens, toxins-toxiods, hapten carrier system super antigens, mitogens. structure and function of antibody, generation of antibody diversity, antibody engineering, complement system.

Unit II: Immunotechnology

Antibody generation (polyclonal and monoclonal), antigen-antibody interactions, antibody-antigen binding: affinity, avidity, cross reactivity, agglutination, hemagglutination, precipitation reactions in solution and in gels, immunoassays: detection of molecules using ELISA, ELISPOT, RIA, western blot, immunoprecipitation, flow cytometry and immunofluorescence microscopy, detection of molecules in living cells, in situ localization by techniques such as FISH and GISH.

Unit III: Cells of immune system and its function

(18% Weightage; 8 lectures) Lymphocyte trafficking, B-lymphocyte, BCR, B cell development, T-lymphocytes, TCR, γδ TCR, dendritic cells, natural killer and lymphokine activated killer cells, eosinophils, basophils, neutrophils and mast cells, monocytes, macrophages. Generation of humoral and cell mediated immunity, activation of B and T- lymphocytes, cell mediated cytotoxicity.

Unit IV: Immune responses

Major histocompatibility complex - general organization, inheritance, polymorphism and regulation, antigen processing and presentation, cytokines and their role in immune regulation, immunological tolerance, hypersensitivity, autoimmunity, immonosenescence, transplantation.

Unit V: Applied immunology

Tumor immunology, AIDS and other immunodeficiencies, animal models and transgenic animals and their use in immunology. Vaccinology: active and passive immunization; live, killed, attenuated, sub unit vaccines. Vaccine technology: role and properties of adjuvants, recombinant DNA and protein based vaccines, plant-based vaccines, reverse vaccinology, peptide vaccines, Conjugate vaccines: cell based vaccines, rational vaccine design based on clinical requirement.

Lecture cum Discussion (Each Session of 1 Hour)	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic
Unit I: Basics of	immune system
1	Phylogeny of immune system
2-3	Innate and acquired immunity
4	Clonal nature of immune response
5	Organization and structure of lymphoid organs
6	Nature and biology of antigens and super antigens
7	Immunogenicity, antigenicity, haptens,

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

(20% Weightage; 9 lectures)

(20% Weightage: 9 lectures)

(18% Weightage; 8 lectures)

19

(24% Weightage; 11 lectures)

8	Toxins-toxiods, super antigens, mitogens	
9	Structure and function of antibody, generation of antibody diversity	
10	Antibody engineering,	
11	Complement system	
Unit II: Immune	otechnology	
12-13	Antibody generation (polyclonal and monoclonal)	
14	Antigen-antibody interactions, Antibody-antigen binding: affinity, avidity, cross reactivity	
15	Agglutination, hemagglutination, Precipitation reactions in solution and in gels	
16	Immunoassays: detection of molecules using ELISA, ELISPOT, RIA	
17	Immuno electrophoresis, Western blot, immune-precipitation	
18	Flow cytometry,	
19	Immunofluorescence microscopy,	
20	Detection of molecules in living cells. in situ localization by techniques such as FISH and GISH	
Unit III: Cells of	immune system and its function	
21	Lymphocyte trafficking	
22	B-lymphocyte, T-lymphocytes and its development	
23-24	Activation of B and T- lymphocytes, BCR, TCR, γδ TCR,	
25	Cell mediated cytotoxicity: mechanism of T cell and antibody dependent cell mediated cytotoxicity	
26	Monocytes, macrophages, dendritic cells, macrophage mediated cytotoxicity	
27	Natural killer and lymphokine activated killer cells. NK cell mediated lysis.	
28	Eosinophils, basophils, neutrophils and mast cells	
Unit IV: Immune	e responses	
29	Major histocompatibility complex	
30	MHC inheritance, polymorphism and regulation,	
31-32	Antigen processing and presentation	
33	Cytokines and their role in immune regulation	
34	Immunological tolerance	
35	Hypersensitivity	
36	Autoimmunity	
37	Immonosenescence	
Unit V: Applied	l immunology	
38	Transplantation	
39-40	AIDS and other immunodeficiencies	
41	Tumor Immunology	
42	Animal models and transgenic animals and their use in immunology	
43	Vaccinology: active and passive immunization, live, killed, attenuated, sub unit vaccines; peptide vaccines, conjugate vaccines	
44-45	Vaccine technology: role and properties of adjuvants, recombinant DNA and	
	protein based vaccines, plant-based vaccines, reverse vaccinology; Cell based	
	vaccines, Rational vaccine design based on clinical requirements	
15 Hours	Tutorials	
Suggested Read	dings:	
1. Kindt, T. J.	, Osborne, B. A., & Goldby, R. A. (2013). Kuby Immunology (7th ed.). W.H.	
Freeman.		
2. Delves, P.,	Martin, S., Burton, D., & Roitt, I. (2011). <i>Roitt's Essential Immunology</i> (12 th ed.).	
Wiley Blakw	rell publication.	
4. Price, C. P., & Newman, D. J. (1997). <i>Principles and Practice of Immunoassay</i> (7 th sub ed.).		
SpringerLink	۲.	
5. Abbas. A.	Lichtman, A., & Pillai, S. (2014), Cellular and Molecular Immunology (8th ed.).	

chtman, A., & Pillai, S. (2014) •) igy (a Elsevier.

6.

Khan, F. A. (2104). *Biotechnology in Medical Sciences* (1st ed.). CRC Press. Pongracz, J., & Keen, M. (2008). *Medical Biotechnology* (1st ed.). Churchill Livingstone. 7.

Course Detail				
Course Title: Enzymology & Enzyme technology				
Course Code	BTN 8 2 DC 007 04 Credits 4			
L+T+P	3 + 0 + 1	Course Duration	One Semester	
Semester	Even Contact Hours 45 (L) + 30 (P) Hours		45 (L) + 30 (P) Hours	
Course Type	Discipline Based Core Course (DBCC)			
Nature of the Course	Theory cum Practicum			
Special Nature/	Not Applicable			
Category of the				
Course (if applicable)				
Methods of Content	Lecture, practicals, group discussion, self-study, seminar, individual and			
Interaction	group drills, assignments and presentation by students.			
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 			

Course Objectives:

- The course is designed in such a way that covers topics on enzyme technology, including those related to animals, microbes, human health, agriculture and the environment. The instructor will introduce each topic and lead the subsequent class discussions.
- ∻ The course is also to teach concepts and principles of various experiments commonly conducted for Enzymology. This course covers methods for the isolation, purification, optimization and characterization of proteins, enzyme kinetics; and production conditions.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- To understand working principle of enzymes and their uses in the human life.
- Developing skill for purification and characterization of enzyme, determining its catalytic \triangleright activity with respect to other important factors responsible for its stabilization and function.
- Planning and execution of various types of assessments as a teacher in their classes. \geq
- To examine a quality of enzymes by establishing reliability and validity, and checking other \geq requirements in our daily life.
- To teach various practicals related to enzymology and enzyme technology.
- They will be able to learn various methods used in enzyme kinetics. \triangleright

Course Contents (Theory):

UNIT I: Introduction to enzymes

Classification and nomenclature, isolation and purification of enzymes, enzyme activity, specific activity and turnover number, marker enzymes.

UNIT II: Enzyme kinetics

Enzyme Kinetics: rate of reaction, product and substrate kinetics, steady state, pre-steady state, equilibrium kinetics, Michaelis and Menten Equation and its derivation, different methods to calculate the K_m and V_{max} and their significance.

UNIT III: Enzyme regulation

Factor affecting enzyme activity and catalysis: pH, substrate and enzyme concentration, temperature, coenzyme and cofactors, catalytic mechanism of the enzyme. Enzyme inhibition, different types of inhibitors and activators.

UNIT IV: Structure and function of enzymes

Structure and function of enzymes: lysozyme, chymotrypsin, RNase. Introduction to allosteric enzymes and isozymes. Industrial enzymes: lipase, protease and pectinase, protein crystallization.

UNIT V: Enzyme technology

Immobilization of enzymes and their application, RNA-catalysis, catalytic antibodies - abzymes.

(8% Weightage; 5 lectures)

(15% Weightage; 9 lectures)

(22% Weightage; 13 lectures)

(23% Weightage; 14 lectures)

(7% Weightage; 4 lectures)

UNIT VI: Methods in Enzymology & Enzyme Technology (Practicum) Practicum (Experiments 1-7).

(25% Weightage)

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

Lecture cum Discussion (Each Session of 1 Hour)	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic	
Unit I: Introducti	on to enzymes	
1-2	Classification and nomenclature	
3	Isolation and purification of enzymes	
4	Enzyme activity	
5	Specific activity and turnover number, marker enzymes	
Unit II: Enzyme I	kinetics	
6	Rate of reaction	
7	Product and substrate kinetics	
8-9	Steady state, pre-steady state, equilibrium kinetics	
10-12	Michaelis and Menten Equation and its derivation	
13-14	Different methods to calculate the K _m and V _{max} and their significance	
Unit III: Enzyme	regulation	
15-17	Factor affecting enzyme activity and catalysis: pH, substrate and enzyme	
10.10		
18-19	Coenzyme and cofactors	
20-21	catalytic mechanism of the enzyme and different types of inhibitors and activators	
22-27	Enzyme inhibition (competitive, noncompetitive, uncompetitive, mixed, substrate and partial)	
Unit IV: Structur	e and function of enzymes	
28-32	Structure and function of enzymes: lysozyme, chymotrypsin, RNase	
33-35	Introduction to allosteric enzymes and its kinetics	
36-37	Isozymes	
38-40	Industrial enzymes: lipase, protease and pectinase	
41	Protein crystallization	
Unit V: Enzyme	technology	
42-43	Immobilization of enzymes and their application	
44	RNA-catalysis	
45	Catalytic antibodies - abzymes	
UNIT VI: Method	ds in Enzymology & Enzyme Technology (Practicum)	
1-30	Practicum (Experiments 1-7)	
Suggested Read	lings:	
1. Copeland, R.	A. (2000). Enzymes: A Practical Introduction to Structure, Mechanism, and Data	
Analysis (2 nd ed.). Wiley-VCH.		
2. Kulkarni & De	eshpande. (2016). General Enzymology. Himalya Publishing House.	
3. Marangoni, A.G. (2008). Enzyme Kinetics- A modern Approach. Wiley-VCH.		
4. Paimer, I., & Bonner, I. L. (2008). Enzymes- Biochemistry, Biotechnology and Clinical		
Cnemistry (2"	ea.). vvooaneaa Publisning.	

5. Reymond, J-L. (2006). Enzyme Assays: High-throughput Screening, Genetic Selection and Fingerprinting. Wiley-VCH.

UNIT VI: Methods in Enzymology & Enzyme Technology (Practicum)

(25% Weightage)

Course Content:

Experiment 1	To determine the presence of catalase enzyme in green peas.
Experiment 2	To study the effect of salivary enzyme (papain) on starch.

Experiment 3	Preparation of ion exchange column to perform ion exchange chromatography.
Experiment 4	Extraction of lysozyme from egg white by ion exchange chromatography.
Experiment 5	To immobilize the given enzyme using sodium alginate method.
Experiment 6	To study the effect of inhibitors on enzyme activity.
Experiment 7	To study the effect of lysozyme on the degradation of cell wall.

Course Interaction Plan (Practicum):

Practicum cum Discussion (Each Session of 2 Hours)	Methods/Practicum/ Experiment
1-4	Experiment 1: To determine the presence of catalase enzyme in green peas.
5-6	Experiment 2: To study the effect of salivary enzyme (papain) on starch.
7-8	Experiment 3: Preparation of ion exchange column to perform ion exchange chromatography.
9-14	Experiment 4: Extraction of lysozyme from egg white by ion exchange chromatography.
15-18	Experiment 5: To immobilize the given enzyme using sodium alginate method.
19-26	Experiment 6: To study the effect of inhibitors on enzyme activity.
27-30	Experiment 7: To study the effect of lysozyme on the degradation of cell wall.

Course Details				
Course Title: Methods in Microbiology				
Course Code	BTN 8 2 DC 008 02	Credits	2	
L+T+P	0 + 0 + 2	Course Duration	One Semester	
Semester	Even	Contact Hours	60 (P) Hours	
Course Type	Discipline Based Core Course (DBCC)			
Nature of the Course	Practical			
Special Nature/	Vocational course			
Category of the				
Course (<i>if applicable</i>)				
Methods of Content	Tutorials, practicals, individual and group performance of experiment,			
Interaction	self-study, assignment, seminar and presentations by students.			
Assessment and	30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but			
Evaluation	also contributing to the final grades)			
	70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination)			

Course Objectives:

- ☆ The main aim of this practical course is to train students to a variety of microbiological techniques, all of which are currently used in biotechnology research.
- ♦ The practicals have been designed to complement the vocational course and fit in with their sequence as far as possible.
- The hands-on experience should link to the mental framework provided by the tutorial, and give students a deeper understanding and more realistic perspective of the topics discussed.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- Students will be able to handle and analyze the microbiological experimental data effectively, and to extract the information contents from the data.
- This course will introduce students with hands on training for the cultivation of bacteria/sterile technique, growth of bacteria, pure culture technique, antibiotic susceptibility,

biofilm estimation and finally identification of an unknown microorganism by using advanced molecular biology techniques.

Course Content:

Experiment 1	Preparation of nutrient agar and culture of bacteria.
Experiment 2	Isolation of bacteria from soil or water sample.
Experiment 3	Growth curves and preservation of the bacteria.
Experiment 4	Biochemical tests & Gram staining of bacteria.
Experiment 5	Antibiotic susceptibility assays (Disc diffusion).
Experiment 6	Determination of minimum inhibitory concentration
Experiment 7	Quantitative determination of bacterial bioflim.
Experiment 8	Isolation and quantification of bacterial genomic DNA.
Experiment 9	PCR amplification of 16S rDNA/virulence gene from bacterial DNA and
	sequencing.
Experiment 10	Sequence analysis of 16S rDNA using chromatogram and identification of
	bacteria.

Course Interaction Plan (Practicum):

Practicum cum	Methods/Practicum/ Experiment
Discussion	
(Each Session	
of 2 Hours)	
1-6	Experiment 1: Preparation of nutrient agar and culture of bacteria.
7-12	Experiment 2: Growth curves and preservation of the bacteria.
13-18	Experiment 3: Isolation of bacteria from soil or water sample.
19-24	Experiment 4: Biochemical tests & Gram staining of bacteria.
25-30	Experiment 5: Antibiotic susceptibility assays (Disc diffusion).
31-36	Experiment 6: Determination of minimum inhibitory concentration
37-42	Experiment 7: Quantitative determination of bacterial bioflim.
43-48	Experiment 8: Isolation and quantification of bacterial genomic DNA.
49-54	Experiment 9: PCR amplification of 16S rDNA from bacterial DNA and
	sequencing.
55-60	Experiment 10: Sequence analysis of 16S rDNA using chromatogram and
	identification of bacteria.
Suggested Read	ings:
1. Bauer, A., Ki	rby, W. M. M., Sherris, J. C. & Turck, M. (1966). Antibiotic susceptibility testing by
a standardize	ed single disc diffusion method. Am J Clin Pathol 45, 493–496.
2. Clinical and	Laboratory Standard Institute. (2010). Performance standard for antimicrobial

 Clinical and Laboratory Standard Institute. (2010). Performance standard for antimicrobial susceptibility testing; twentieth informational supplement. CLSI document M100-S20; Vol. 30 No. 1, Wayne, PA. <u>http://www.clsi.org/source/orders/free/m100-s20.pdf</u>

- 3. Cruickshank, R., Duguid, J. P., Marmion, B. P., & Swain, R. H. A. (1975). *Medical Microbiology: The Practice of Medical Mcirobiology*. Churchill Livingstone.
- Fredheim, E. G. A., Klingenberg, C., Rohde, H., Frankenberger, S., Gaustad, P., Flægstad, T., & Sollid, J. E. (2009). Biofilm formation by *Staphylococcus haemolyticus*. *Journal of Clinical Microbiology*, *47*(4), 1172-1180.
- 5. Green, M. R., & Sambrook, J. (2012). *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual* (4th ed.). Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory.

Course Details				
Course Title: Methods in Immunology & Immunotechniques				
Course Code	BTN 8 2 DC 009 02 Credits 2			
L+T+P	0 + 0 + 2 Course Duration One Semester		One Semester	
Semester	Even Contact Hours 60 (P) Hours			
Course Type	Discipline Based Core Course (DBCC)			
Nature of the Course	Practical			
Special Nature/ Category of the Course (<i>if applicable</i>)	Vocational Course			
Methods of Content Interaction	Tutorials, practicals, individual and group performance of experiment, self- study, assignment, seminar and presentations by students.			
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 			

Course Objectives:

- The aims of this applied immunology laboratory course is to equip students with a good understanding of major immunological laboratory techniques (including safety) and their applications to both clinical analysis and experimental research.
- Research principles, quantitative reasoning, and understanding of immunological research methodologies will be highlighted within the course.
- Special attention is given to the experimental approaches that led to the general principles of immunology.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- This practical course will teach the students various practicals related to Immunology & immunological techniques.
- > They will be able to learn various methods of immunodiagnostic techniques.
- The students will develop skills to distinguishing different characteristics of a variety of techniques used in clinical Immunology

Course Content:

Experiment 1	Separation of plasma and serum from blood.
Experiment 2	Identification and estimation of the percentage of live and dead cells in the blood sample using trypan blue.
Experiment 3	Lysis of RBC in the blood sample and estimation of the percentage of live and dead WBCs in the blood sample after RBC lysis using Trypan Blue.
Experiment 4	Counting of RBCs and WBCs using haemocytometer.
Experiment 5	Isolation of lymphocytes using histopaque and counting using haemocytometer.
Experiment 6	Differential staining of cells in the blood sample using Wright-Giemsa staining method.
Experiment 7	Determination of antigen or antibody by Radial immunodiffusion and Ouchterlony Double Diffusion method
Experiment 8	Determination of antibody/antigen/cytokine by ELISA/Dot ELISA.
Experiment 9	To observe the phagocytosis process in macrophages and WBC/T cell culture work
Experiment 10	Demonstration of dissection to show different lymphoid organs in mouse (Computer technology).

Course Interaction Plan (Practicum):

Practicum cum Discussion (Fach Session	Methods/Practicum/ Experiment	
of 2 Hours)		
1-6	Experiment 1: Separation of plasma and serum from blood.	
7-12	Experiment 2: Identification and estimation of the percentage of live and dead cells in the blood sample using Trypan Blue.	
13-18	Experiment 3: Lysis of RBC in the blood sample and estimation of the percentage of live and dead WBCs in the blood sample after RBC lysis using trypan blue.	
19-24	Experiment 4: Counting of RBCs and WBCs using haemocytometer.	
25-30	Experiment 5: Isolation of lymphocytes using histopaque and counting using haemocytometer.	
31-36	Experiment 6: Differential staining of cells in the blood sample using Wright- Giemsa staining method.	
37-42	Experiment 7: Determination of antigen or antibody by Radial immunodiffusion and Ouchterlony double diffusion method.	
43-48	Experiment 8: Determination of antibody/antigen/cytokine by ELISA/Dot ELISA.	
49-54	Experiment 9: To observe the phagocytosis process in macrophages and WBC/T cell culture work	
55-60	Experiment 10: Demonstration of dissection to show different lymphoid organs in mouse (Computer technology).	
Suggested Readi	ngs:	
1. Hay, F. C.	, Westwood, O. M. R. (2002). <i>Practical Immunology</i> (4 th Edition). Wiley-Blackwell.	
2. Stevens, C	C. D. (2003). Clinical Immunology and Serology: A Laboratory Perspective. F.A.	
Davis Company.		

Semester III

Course Details			
	Course Title: Recombinant DNA Technology		
Course Code	BTN 9 1 DC 001 04	Credits	4
L + T + P	3 + 0 + 1	Course Duration	One Semester
Semester	Odd	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 30 (P) Hours
Course Type	Discipline Based Core	Course (DBCC)	
Nature of the Course	Theory cum Practicum	ו	
Special Nature/ Category of the Course (if applicable)	Skill Enhancement		
Methods of Content Interaction	Lecture, practicals, gr group drills, assignme	oup discussion, self-stunction by	udy, seminar, individual and students.
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continualso contributi 70% - End Te 	uous Internal Assessme ng to the final grades) rm External Examinatio	ent (Formative in nature but n (University Examination)

Course Objectives:

- ♦ To present an in-depth understanding of recombinant DNA technology as the foundation of modern biotechnology and to show how these tools can be employed in guiding for guality research say production of biological molecules and providing sequencing services.
- ∻ Outlining the process of molecular cloning of a gene or segment of DNA, choosing the most appropriate technique for cloning eukarvotic genes, comparing and contrasting the vectors and methods used for creating genetically modified bacteria, plants and animals.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- > To illustrate creative use of modern tools and techniques for manipulation and analysis of genomic sequences.
- To expose students to application of recombinant DNA technology in biotechnological research.

Course Contents (Theory):

Unit I: Restriction-modification system

Types of restriction endonucleases, classification and their application. DNA modifying enzymes: nucleases, polymerases, phosphatases, DNA ligases, kinases, and other relevant enzymes, cutting and joining of DNA fragments, cohesive and blunt end ligation, adaptors, linkers, polylinkers and homo polymer tailing.

Unit II: Nucleic acid labelling and sequencing

Isolation of DNA and RNA, guantification of nucleic acids. Radiolabeling and non-radiolabelling of nucleic acids: end labelling, nick translation, labelling by primer extension, non-radioactive labelling of Probe. DNA sequencing: Maxam-Gilbert and Sanger-Nicolson sequencing methods, pyrosequencing, automated gene sequencing, protein sequencing.

Unit III: Vectors in cloning and gene expression

Properties and construction of cosmid and artificial plasmids, bacteriophage λ as cloning vector, other prokaryotic vectors, expression vectors, difference in cloning and expression vectors, and use of strong promoters.

Unit IV: Cloning strategies

(15% Weightage; 9 lectures) Construction of genomic and cDNA libraries, selection, screening and analysis of recombinants. Principle of hybridization- Southern blotting, Northern blotting, Western blotting, polymerase chain reaction and their applications.

(10% Weightage; 6 lectures)

(15% Weightage: 9 lectures)

(10% Weightage; 6 lectures)

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Unit V: Methods of nucleic acid transfer

Methods used to transfer rDNA in host: application of RDT in medicine and agriculture, site directed mutagenesis, DNA fingerprinting, DNA microarray, CRISPR Cas9 technology, genome mapping and codon optimization.

Unit VI: Methods in Recombinant DNA Technology (Practicum)

Practicum (Experiments 1 to 7).

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

Lecture cum Discussion (Each Session of 1 Hour)	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic	
UNIT I: Restricti	on-modification System	
1	Types of restriction endonucleases, classification and their application	
2-3	DNA modifying enzymes: nucleases, polymerases phosphatases and DNA	
	ligases, kinases and other relevant enzymes	
4-5	Cutting and joining of DNA fragments, cohesive and blunt end ligation, adaptors	
6	Linkers, polylinkers and homo polymer tailing	
UNIT II: Nucleic	acid labelling and sequencing	
7-8	Isolation of DNA and RNA, quantification of nucleic acids	
9-10	Radiolabeling and non-radiolabelling of nucleic acids: end labelling, nick	
4.4	translation, labelling by primer extension, DNA sequencing	
11	Non-radioactive labelling of probe	
12-13	Maxam-Glibert and Sanger- Nicolson sequencing methods	
14	Automated gene sequencing, pyrosequencing	
15		
Unit III: Vectors	in cloning and gene expression	
16-17	Properties and construction of cosmid and artificial plasmids	
18-19	Bacteriophage λ as cloning vector, other prokaryotic vectors, expression vectors	
20-21	20-21 Difference in cloning and expression vectors, use of strong promoters	
Unit IV: Cloning strategies		
22-23	Construction of genomic and cDINA libraries	
24-25	Selection, screening and analysis of recombinants	
20-27	Principle of hybridization. Southern blotting, Northern blotting	
28	Western blotting	
29-30		
24.26	Application of RDT in agriculture	
27	Site directed mutagenesis	
38	DNA finger Printing	
30	DNA migroarray	
40	CRISPR-Cas9 technology	
41-43	Genome Manning	
41-45 Genomic Mapping		
Unit-IV [.] Method	Init-IV: Methods in Recombinant DNA Technology (Practicum)	
1-30	Experiment 1 to 6	
Suggested Read	lings:	
1. Primrose, S.	B., & Twyman, R. M. (2006). Principles of Gene manipulation and Genomics (7th	
ed.). Willev I	ed.). Willey Blackwell press.	
2. Winnaeker,	E.L. (2010). From Genes to Clones (4 th ed.). VCH publisher.	
3. Glick B.R., F	Pasternak, J. J., & Patten, C. L. (2002). Molecular Biotechnology: Principle and	
Application of	Application of Recombinant DNA (4 th ed.). ASM.	

- 4. Prakash, K. (2020). *Fundamentals of Gene Cloning* (1st ed.). Sara publication.
- 5. Brown, T. A. (2016). Gene Cloning and DNA analysis (7th ed.). Willey Blackwell.

(25% Weightage; 15 lectures)

(25% Weightage)

Unit VI: Methods in Recombinant DNA Technology (Practicum)

(25% Weightage)

Course Contents:

Experiment 1	Isolation of total RNA from cell line/tissue.
Experiment 2	Preparation of cDNA using mRNA isolated from cell line/tissue.
Experiment 3	Polymerase chain reaction used for amplification of a gene.
Experiment 4	Ligation reaction setup for recombinant DNA generation
Experiment 5	Transformation of ligation mix in competent <i>E.coli</i> cells
Experiment 6	Identification of protein expressed in <i>E. coli/</i> cell line.
Experiment 7	Western blot for confirmation of recombinant protein expression in <i>E.coli</i>

Content Interaction Plan (Practicum):

Practicum cum Discussion (Each Session of 2 Hour)	Methods/Practicum/Experiment
1-5	Experiment 1: Isolation of total RNA from cell line/tissue.
6-11	Experiment 2: Preparation of cDNA using mRNA isolated from cell line/tissue.
	Experiment 3: Polymerase chain reaction used for amplification of a gene.
12-17	Experiment 4: Ligation reaction setup for recombinant DNA generation
18-19	Experiment 5: Transformation of ligation mix in competent E.coli cells
20-25	Experiment 6: Identification of protein expressed in <i>E. coli/</i> cell line.
26-30	Experiment 7: Western Blot for confirmation of recombinant protein expression in <i>E.coli</i>

Course Details			
Course Title: Bioprocess Engineering			
Course Code	BTN 9 1 DC 002 04	Credits	4
L + T + P	3 + 0 + 1	Course Duration	One Semester
Semester	Odd	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 30 (P) Hours
Course Type	Discipline Based Core	e Course (DBCC)	
Nature of the Course	Theory cum Practicur	n	
Special Nature/	Not Applicable		
Category of the	egory of the		
Course (<i>if applicable</i>)			
Methods of Content	Lecture, practicals, g	roup discussion, self-s	tudy, seminar, individual and
Interaction	group drills, assignme	ents and presentation by	y students.
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Contir also contribut 70% - End Te 	nuous Internal Assessm ting to the final grades) erm External Examinatio	nent (Formative in nature but on (University Examination)

Course Objectives:

- ✤ To get a thorough knowledge of all the unit operations of upstream and downstream processing involved in fermentation process.
- To introduce the basic concepts of process engineering, including fluid flow, heat and mass transfer and their applications in various process development.
- ♦ To design appropriate sterilization method, choosing a proper enzyme system and corresponding bioreactor.
- This course also covers the concepts and principles of various experiments commonly conducted for Bioprocessing Engineering such as growth curve leading to the calculation of various parameters. Also the experiments related to the isolation of protein and secondary metabolite will be carried out.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- \geq Students will learn the importance of engineering in the bioprocess and concept of scaling up from lab to industry.
- They will know the techniques involved to get the purified products after fermentation. \triangleright
- Student will get the idea about the production of drugs, antibiotics and factors affecting the \triangleright production of these products.
- In bioprocess experiment, the student will learn how to calculate different bioprocess \triangleright parameters from growth curve.
- They will also learn the death kinetics of microbes as well as downstream processing. \triangleright

Course Contents (Theory):

UNIT I: Kinetics of microbial growth

Introduction to bioprocess engineering, microbial growth and products formation, media formulation for industrial fermentation, media optimization and sterilization, mass balance in biotechnology.

UNIT II: Aeration and agitation

Oxygen requirement, volumetric oxygen transfer rate, oxygen uptake rate, degree of oxygen satisfaction, types of impellers and spargers, foam formation and control.

UNIT III: Fermentation techniques

(20% Weightage; 12 lectures) Types and modes of cultivation (batch, fed batch and continuous bioreactions), measurement and control of bioprocess parameters, microbial and plant bioreactors, different types of bioreactors-CSTR, airlift bioreactor, packed bed, fluidized, photobioreactors, enzyme reactors, design, stability and analysis of reactors, microbes in food and industry-lactic acid, vinegar and penicillin production.

UNIT IV: Scale up techniques

Introduction, bases of scale-up, physical concept and biological concept, scale-up methods in use, examples of scale-up, power per unit volume of liquid and volumetric oxygen transfer coefficient, introductory comments on non-Newtonian fluids.

UNIT V: Downstream processing

Introduction, removal of microbial cells and solid matters, foam separation, precipitation, filtration, centrifugation, cell disruption, liquid-liquid extraction, chromatography, membrane process, crystallization and drying.

UNIT VI: Methods in Bioprocess Engineering (Practicum)

Practicum (Experiment 1 to 6).

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

Lecture cum		
Discussion	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic	
(Each Session		
of 1 Hour)		
Unit I: Kinetics of	of microbial growth	
1	Introduction to bioprocess engineering	
2-3	Kinetics of microbial growth	
4-5	Kinetics of products formation	
6	Media formulation for industrial fermentation and media optimization	
7-8	Media sterilization and kinetics of thermal death, design criteria	
9	Mass balance and stoichiometric calculation	
Unit II: Aeration and agitation		
10	Oxygen transfer from gas bubble to cell	
11-12	Volumetric oxygen transfer rate and K∟a	
13	Oxygen uptake rate and critical value of dissolved oxygen concentration (degree	

(10% Weightage; 6 lectures)

(15% Weightage: 9 lectures)

(25% Weightage)

(15% Weightage: 9 lectures)

(15% Weightage; 9 lectures)

	of oxygen satisfaction)	
11-15	Dynamic and static method for K a and parameters on which K a depend	
14-15	Types of impollers and spargers, feam formation and control	
10	Stirrer power requirement (upgessed and gessed Neutonian liquid)	
Unit III: Ferme	entation techniques	
19	Introduction to batch, fed batch and continuous bioreactors	
20	Concept of chemostat and turbidostat	
21-22	Steady state continuous cultivation theory for substrate, cell mass and product	
23-24	Design criteria with concept of wash-out phenomenon	
25	Concept of fed batch operation	
26	Design, stability and analysis of reactors, measurement and control of	
	bioprocess parameters	
27	Microbial and plant bioreactors, different types of bioreactors-CSTR, airlift	
	bioreactor, packed bed, fluidized, photobioreactors, enzyme reactors,	
28-30	Microbes in food and industry- lactic acid, vinegar and penicillin production	
Unit IV: Scale	up techniques	
31	Bases of scale-up, physical concept and biological concept	
32-33	Scale-up methods in use, power per unit volume of liquid	
34-35	Volumetric oxygen transfer coefficient	
36	Introductory comments on non-Newtonian fluids	
Unit V: Down	stream processing	
37	Introduction, removal of microbial cells and solid matters, foam separation	
38-39	Filtration	
40	Centrifugation	
41	Cell disruption,	
42	Liquid-liquid extraction	
43	Precipitation	
44	Membrane process (dialysis, reverse osmosis and ultra-filtration)	
45	Chromatography, crystallization and drying	
Unit VI: Metho	ods in Bioprocess Engineering (Practicum)	
1-30	Experiment 1 to 6	
Suggested Re	adings:	
1. Bailey, J.	E., & Ollis, D. F. (2010). Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals (2 nd ed.). Tata	
McGraw I	Hill Education.	
2. Board, B	. (2007). Product Recovery in Bioprocess Technology (3 rd ed.). Butterworth-	
3 Crueger	III. Ν & Crueger Δ (2017) Δ text of Industrial Microbiology (2 nd ed.) Medtech	
4. Doran, P. M. (2010). <i>Bioprocess Engineering Principles</i> (2 nd ed.). Academic Press.		
5. Glaser, A. N., & Nilaido, H. (2011). <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> (2 nd ed.). W.H Freeman and Co.		
6. Shuler, M	. L., & Kargi, F. (2009). Bioprocess Engineering Basic Concepts (2 nd ed.). Pearson.	
7. Stanbury, P. F., Ehitaker, H. & Hall S. J. (2006). Principles of Fermentation Technology (39		
ed.). Butte	ed.). Butterworth-Heinemann.	
8. Sullia, S.	B., & Snantharam, S. (2010). General Microbiology ($2^{n\alpha}$ ed.). Oxford and IBH	
Publishing CO. PVI.LIQ.		

9. Vogel, H. C., & Todaro, C. L, (2008), *Fermentation and Biochemical Engineering Handbook* (2nd ed.). Wiley Publishing, Hoboken.

Unit VI: Methods in Bioprocess Engineering (Practicum) (25% Weightage)

Course Contents:

Experiment 1	Bacterial growth curve and different phases of growth curve.
Experiment 2	Specific growth rate from the growth curve.
Experiment 3	Determination of doubling time from the growth curve.

Experiment 4	Thermal death of constant and thermal reduction time of bacteria.
Experiment 5	Extraction of soy protein from soy flour.
Experiment 6	Microbial degradation of aromatic compounds.

Content Interaction Plan (Practicum):

Practicum cum Discussion (Each Session of 2 Hours)	Methods/Practicum/Experiment
1-8	Experiment 1: Bacterial growth curve and different phases of growth curve.
9-10	Experiment 2: Specific growth rate from the growth curve.
11-12	Experiment 3: Determination of doubling time from the growth curve.
13-18	Experiment 4: Thermal death of constant and thermal reduction time of bacteria.
19-20	Experiment 5: Extraction of soy protein from soy flour.
21-30	Experiment 6: Microbial degradation of aromatic compounds.

Course Details				
Course Title: Animal Biotechnology				
Course Code	BTN 9 1 DC 003 04	Credits	4	
L+T+P	3 + 0 + 1	Course Duration	One Semester	
Semester	Odd	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 30 (P) Hours	
Course type	Discipline Based Core Course (DBCC)			
Nature of course	Theory			
Special Nature/	Value addition			
Category of the				
Course (<i>if applicable</i>)				
Methods of Content	Lecture, practicals, group discussion, self-study, seminar, individual and			
Interaction	group drills, assignments and presentation by students.			
Assessment and	30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but			
Evaluation	also contributing to the final grades)			
	• 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination)			

Course Objectives:

- ✤ To develop competence in the areas of animal biotechnology to improve animal growth and reproduction.
- ✤ To have a comprehensive understanding of animal tissue culture, Stem cell research, transgenic techniques and biotechnological applications.
- ♦ To understand the use of biotechnological applications in health, medicine and industries.
- To promote transferable skills, such as critical thinking and systematic problem solving skills.
- ♦ To familiarize the students with all practical tools and techniques required for practical applications of the exciting field of animal biotechnology.
- ♦ To develop interest in this upcoming area useful in health and academics research and future entrepreneurship.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- > To make an association between animal and human health with development of technology.
- To understand how to modify physiological processes to obtain biotechnological products to be applied to agricultural, social and medical areas.
- > To develop career in biotechnology research relevant to animal health and medicine.
- To understand the methods used in routine animal cell culture practices in biological, and pharma industries.
- Student would be able to carry out future research involving animal tissue culture.

- To be able to compete in various training based programmes providing financial support e.g. Biotech Consortium of India Limited (BCIL).
- > Take up independent career in the field of biotechnology.

Course Contents (Theory):

UNIT I: Introduction to animal tissue/cell culture

History of animal cell culture, cell culture laboratory setup and instrumentation, cell culture mediamedia composition, serum, antibiotics, supplements, physicochemical properties, trypsinization, cryopreservation. cell senescence, common cell culture contaminants, different types of cell culturesdevelopment of cell lines primary and continuous cell cultures, characterization and maintenance of cell lines, immortalisation of cell lines, cell growth curve, Good Laboratory Practices.

UNIT II: Cell culture techniques

Experimental applications- cell proliferation assays, study of cell cycle, cell synchronization, mitosis in growing cells, measurement of viability and cytotoxicity. specialized culture techniques such as 3-D cultures and spheroid formation, applications of 3D culture, organ explant and utility of organ culture, histotypic and organotypic cultures, organ transplants, tissue engineering.

UNIT III: Gene transfer technology in animals

Viral and non-viral methods of gene delivery (retro- and adeno- virus mediated gene transfer, liposome and nanoparticles mediated gen delivery), gene silencing technology- antisense therapy, siRNA, CRISPR Cas-9, tissue and organ transplantation, transgenics and their uses, production and status of transgenic animals, molecular pharming, animal and human cloning, ethical issues, animal imaging, molecular medicine.

UNIT IV: Application of cell culture technology

Somatic cell nuclear transfer (SCNT), recombinant therapy- recombinant human growth hormone, streptokinase and urokinase in thrombosis- recombinant coagulation factors, cell culture technology in production of human and animal vaccines and pharmaceutical proteins, pharmacogenomics and its relevance in personalized medicine, gene therapy, strategies and vectors used in gene therapy, enzyme therapy.

Unit V: Methods in Animal Biotechnology (Practicum)

Practicum (Experiment 1 to 8).

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

Lecture cum Discussion (Each Session of 1 hour)	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic			
UNIT I: Animal 1	issue/Cell Culture			
1-2	History of animal cell culture, cell culture laboratory setup and instrumentation, different types of cell cultures			
3-6	Development of cell lines primary and continuous cell cultures, characterization and maintenance of cell lines, immortalization of cell lines, cellular growth curve			
7-10	Cell culture media: media composition, serum, antibiotics, supplements, physiochemical properties			
10-12	Trypsinization, cryopreservation. cell senescence, common cell culture contaminants, Good Laboratory Practices			
UNIT II: Cell cult	ture techniques			
13	Cell proliferation assays, study of cell cycle			
14	Cell synchronization, mitosis in growing cells			
15-16	Measurement of viability and cytotoxicity			
17-18	Specialized culture techniques such as 3-D cultures and spheroid formation,			
	applications of 3D culture			
19-20	Organ explant and utility of organ culture, histotypic and organotypic cultures			
21	Organ transplants			
22	Tissue engineering			

(20% Weightage; 12 lectures)

(17% Weightage; 10 lectures)

(23% Weightage; 14 lectures)

(15% Weightage; 9 lectures)

(25% Weightage)

UNIT III: Gene t	ransfer technology in animals		
23-27	Viral and non-viral methods of gene delivery (retro- and adeno- virus mediated		
	gene transfer, liposome and nanoparticles mediated gen delivery)		
28-30 Gene silencing technology- antisense therapy; siRNA; CRISPR			
31	Tissue and organ transplantation		
32	Transgenics and their uses, production and status of transgenic animals		
33	Molecular pharming		
34	Animal and human cloning, ethical issues		
35	Animal imaging		
36	Molecular medicine		
UNIT IV: Applic	ation of cell culture technology		
37	Somatic cell nuclear transfer (SCNT)		
38	Artificial Blood		
39	Cell culture technology in production of human and animal vaccines		
40	Cell culture technology in production of pharmaceutical proteins		
41	Recombinant therapy- recombinant human growth hormone, streptokinase and		
	urokinase in thrombosis; recombinant coagulation factors		
42	Pharmacogenomics and its relevance in personalized medicine		
43	Gene therapy, strategies and vectors used in gene therapy		
44-45	Antibody and enzyme therapy		
Unit V: Method	s in Animal Biotechnology (Practicum)		
1-30	Practicum (Experiment 1 to 8)		
Suggested Rea	dings:		
1. Freshney, I.	. R. (2010). Culture of Animal Cells (5 th ed.). Wiley-Liss.		
2. Masters, J.I	R.W. (2000). Animal Cell Culture - Practical Approach (3rd ed.). OUP.		
3. Clynes, M.	(2008). Animal Cell Culture Techniques. Springer.		
4. Hafez, B., 8	Hafez, E.S.E. (2010) Reproduction in Farm Animals (7th ed.). Wiley- Blackwell.		
5. Turksen, K.	. Turksen, K. (2004). Adult Stem Cells. Humana Press, Inc.		
6. Thomson, .	5. Thomson, J., et al. (2004). Handbook of Stem Cells: Embryonic/ Adult and Fetal Stem cells		
(Vol. 1 & 2).	Academic Press.		
7. Twyman, R	. M. (2005). <i>Gene Transfer to Animal Cells</i> (1 st ed.). Taylor & Francis ,USA.		
8. Glick, B.R.,	Glick, B.R., Pasternak J.J., & Patten C. L. (2010). Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and		
Applications	s of Recombinant DNA (4 th ed.). ASM.		
9. Emery, A. E	. H. (1995). Recombinant DNA Technology. Wiley.		
10. Emery, A. E	E. H. (2006). <i>Principles and Practice of Medical Genetics</i> , I, II, III Volumes (5 th ed.).		
Churchill Liv	vingstone.		

- 11. Nallari, P., & Rao, V. V. (2010). Medical Biotechnology. OUP.
- 12. Pongracz, Keen. (2008). *Medical Biotechnology* (1st Edition). Elsevier Health UK.

Unit V: Methods in Animal Biotechnology (Practicum) (25% Weightage)

Course Contents:

Experiment 1	Adherent and non-adherent animal cell culture.
Experiment 2	Cell trypsinization, sub culturing, cryopreservation.
Experiment 3	Live and dead cell assay by trypan blue method.
Experiment 4	Cellular proliferation and cytotoxicity assay by MTT method.
Experiment 5	To study the cell death by apoptotic assay.
Experiment 6	To study the effect of oxidative stress on viability of cell lines.
Experiment 7	Transfection of animal cell line (optional).
Experiment 8	Analysis of expressed proteins through western blotting/microscopy.

Content Interaction Plan (Practicum):

Practicum cum Discussion (Each Session of 2 Hours)	Methods/Practicum/Experiment
1-3	Experiment 1: Adherent and non-adherent animal cell culture.

4-6	Experiment 2: Cell trypsinization, sub culturing, cryopreservation.			
7-9	Experiment 3: Live and dead cell assay by trypan blue method.			
10-12	Experiment 4: Cellular proliferation and cytotoxicity assay by MTT method.			
13-15	Experiment 5: To study the cell death by apoptotic assay.			
16-18	Experiment 6: To study the effect of oxidative stress on viability of cell line			
	animal cell line.			
19-24	Experiment 7: Transfection of animal cell line (optional)			
25-30	Experiment 8: Analysis of expressed proteins through western			
	blotting/microscopy.			

Course Details				
Course Title: Plant Biotechnology				
Course Code	BTN 9 1 DC 004 04 Credits 4			
L+T+P	3 + 0 + 1	Course Duration	One Semester	
Semester	Odd	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 30 (P) Hours	
Course Type	Discipline Based Core Course (DBCC)			
Nature of the Course	Theory cum Practicum			
Special Nature/	Skill Enhancement			
Category of the				
Course (if applicable)				
Methods of Content	Lecture, practicals, group discussion, self-study, seminar, individual and			
Interaction	group drills, assignments and presentation by students.			
Assessment and	30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but			
Evaluation	also contributing to the final grades)			
	• 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination)			

Course Objectives:

- The main objectives of this course is to introduce students to the principles, practices and applications of plant tissue culture, transgenic technology, molecular marker development for crop improvement, and secondary metabolites production from plants.
- ♦ The students will also be exposed to the issues and challenges encountered in the area of plant biotechnology.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- Students will learn the importance of plant tissue culture, genetic transformation and molecular marker development.
- Students will have the concept of development of transgenic plant.
- > They will know the techniques involved in molecular marker development.

Course Contents (Theory):

UNIT I: Introduction to plant tissue culture techniques (17% Weightage; 10 lectures) Introduction to the techniques of plant tissue culture, media composition and sterilization techniques, concept of cellular totipotency, plant propagation: regeneration through meristem and callus cultures, somatic embryogenesis, embryo culture, haploid plant production, protoplast culture, somatic hybridization, somaclonal variation, artificial seeds.

UNIT II: Principle of plant transformation

Basis of tumor formation, hairy root, features of Ti and Ri plasmids, mechanisms of DNA transfer, role of virulence genes, use of Ti and Ri as vectors, binary vectors, use of 35S and other promoters, methods of nuclear transformation, direct and Indirect DNA transfer, particle bombardment, electroporation, microinjection, chloroplast transformation.

(22% Weightage; 13 lectures)

UNIT III: Application of transgenic technology

Insect resistance, fungal diseases resistance, bacterial diseases resistance, herbicide resistance, drought and salt resistance and Golden rice.

UNIT IV: Molecular markers in plant genome analysis

Introduction to the principle of molecular marker, types of molecular markers and its application-RAPD, RFLP, AFLP, QTL, microsatellites, simple sequence repeats (SSR's), sequence-tagged sites (STSs), sequence characterized amplified regions (SCAR), single strand conformational polymorphism (SSCP), cleaved amplified polymorphic sequences (CAPs).

UNIT V: Bioactive compounds from plants

(11% Weightage; 7 lectures) Introduction and importance of plant secondary metabolites, different types of secondary metabolite, strategies to enhance secondary metabolites production, edible vaccines.

UNIT VI: Methods in Plant Biotechnology (Practicum)

Practicum (Experiments 1-5).

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

Lecture cum Discussion (Each Session of 1 Hour)	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic			
UNIT I: Introduct	tion to plant tissue culture techniques			
1-2	Introduction to the techniques of plant tissue culture, concept of cellular			
	totipotency			
3	Media composition and sterilization techniques			
4-5	Plant propagation: Regeneration through meristem and callus cultures			
6	Somatic embryogenesis, embryo culture			
7	Haploid plant production			
8	Protoplast culture, somatic hybridization			
9	Somaclonal variation			
10	Artificial Seeds			
UNIT II: Plant tra	nsformation techniques			
11-12	Basis of tumor formation; hairy root			
13-14	Features of Ti and Ri plasmids			
15-16	Mechanisms of DNA transfer			
17-20	Role of virulence genes, use of Ti and Ri as vectors; Binary vectors; Use of 35S and other promoters			
21-22	Methods of nuclear transformation; Direct and Indirect DNA transfer; Particle bombardment, electroporation, microinjection			
23	Chloroplast transformation			
UNIT III: Applica	tion of transgenic technology in crop improvement			
24	Insect resistance			
25	Fungal diseases resistance			
26	Bacterial diseases resistance			
27	Herbicide Resistance,			
28	Drought and salt resistance, golden rice			
UNIT IV: Molecu	UNIT IV: Molecular markers in plant genome analysis			
29-30	Introduction to the principle of Molecular marker			
31-32	Types of molecular markers and its application: RAPD, RFLP			
33-35	AFLP, QTL, microsatellites, simple sequence repeats (SSR's), sequence-tagged sites (STSs), sequence characterized amplified regions (SCAR)			
36-38	single strand conformational polymorphism (SSCP), cleaved amplified polymorphic sequences (CAPs)			
UNIT V: Bioactive compounds from plants				
39	Introduction and importance of plant secondary metabolites			
40-42	Different types of Secondary metabolite			
43-44	Strategies to enhance secondary metabolites production			

(8% Weightage; 5 lectures)

(17% Weightage; 10 lectures)

(25% Weightage)

45	Edible vaccines		
UNIT VI: Method	UNIT VI: Methods in Plant Biotechnology (Practicum)		
1-30	Experiment 1-5.		
Suggested Readings:			
1 Chowle LL S	(2020) Introduction to Plant Piotophology (2rd od) Ovford & IPU publishing		

- Chawla, H. S. (2020). Introduction to Plant Biotechnology (3rd ed.). Oxford & IBH publishing.
 Singh, P. (2013). Principles of Plant Biotechnology. Kalyani Publishers.
- 3. Aneja, K. R. (2017). Experiment in Microbiology, Plant pathology and Tissue Culture (5th ed.).
- 3. Aneja, K. R. (2017). Experiment in Microbiology, Plant pathology and Tissue Culture (5th ed.). New Age International Publishers.
- 4. Singh, B. D. (2015). *Plant Biotechnology*. Kalyani Publishers.
- 5. Razdan M. K. (2019). Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture (3rd ed.). Oxford & IBH publishing.
- 6. Stewart, C. N., Touraev, A., Citovsky, V., & Tzfira, T. (2010). Plant Transformation Technology.
- 7. Dunwell, J. M. & Andy, C. (2010). Transgenic Plants. Wiley.

Unit VI: Methods in Plant Biotechnology (Practicum) (25% Weightage)

Course Contents:

Experiment 1	Preparation of stock solutions of MS (Murashige & Skoog, 1962) basal medium.			
Experiment 2	To prepare MS media with different concentration and combination of plant growth regulators for micropropagation or regeneration.			
Experiment 3	Surface sterilization and inoculation of explants on MS medium for micropropagation or regeneration.			
Experiment 4	Isolation and visualization of plant genomic DNA by CTAB method.			
Experiment 5	To perform DNA fingerprinting by random amplification of polymorphic DNA (RAPD) technique by PCR.			

Content Interaction Plan (Practicum):

Practicum cum Discussion (Each Session of 2 Hour)	Methods/Practicum/Experiment
UNIT I: Introduct	ion to plant tissue culture techniques
1-4	Experiment 1: Preparation of stock solutions of MS (Murashige & Skoog, 1962)
	basal medium.
5-10	Experiment 2: To prepare MS media with different concentration and
	combination of plant growth regulators for micropropagation or regeneration.
10-15	Experiment 3: Surface sterilization and inoculation of explants on MS medium
	for micropropagation or regeneration.
15-25	Experiment 4: Isolation and visualization of plant genomic DNA by CTAB
	method.
25-30	Experiment 5: To perform DNA fingerprinting by random amplification of
	polymorphic DNA (RAPD) technique by PCR.

Course Details				
Course Title: Project Dissertation				
Course Code	BTN 9 2 DC 005 20	Credits	20	
L+T+P	0 + 0 + 20	Course Duration	One Semester	
Semester	Even	Contact Hours	640 (P)	
Course Type	Discipline Based Core Courses			
Nature of the Course	Dissertation			
Special Nature/	Not Applicable			
Category of the				
Course (<i>if applicable</i>)				
Methods of Content	Literature review, gap area, methodology, laboratory work, dissertation			
Interaction	writing, results and discussion, seminar, presentation and viva voce.			
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continuous Internal/ External Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 			

Semester IV

The student has the option to carry out the dissertation work outside the university provided he gets it on his own. However, they have to follow the academic calendar of the Central University of South Bihar. They will be accommodated in the Dept. of Biotechnology, if failed to get option outside the University. Students will be allotted as per the system so as to maintain uniformity and non-biasness.

Course Objectives:

As per requirement for the Award of M.Sc. Degree in Biotechnology, a project culminating in the submission of a dissertation must be carried out by students in their final year of study. The project-dissertation is a component that provides the students an opportunity to design, undertake an independent research under the guidance of a supervisor. A 'Project' leads to a 'dissertation' is assessed by supervisor and departmental committee members. The 'Dissertation' is comprised of the aims and objectives, a review of the literature, gap area, methodology, results and discussion, concrete recommendations and conclusions. Every student will submit a comprehensive report of the project work carried out in previous semesters in the form of dissertation, duly certified by the supervisor appointed by the Head of the Department. The project work will be presented by the students and evaluated by external/internal experts at the end of the semester. The students shall be present themselves for a comprehensive viva-voce examination before completion of the course.

- ♦ A 'Project' is an investigation driven undertaking, a structured and organized experiential learning includes designing the work, field work or other placement learning.
- ♦ The dissertation is a major document that reflects the skill to investigate the relevant topic/problem, ability to gather and analyze the result and discuss it concisely and clearly.
- Student will be a self-motivated and personally responsible for their action and learning.
- ♦ They will apply standard and advance techniques to solve a range of identified problems.
- Students will be proficient in the recording, storage, management and reporting data.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- > To gain expertise in specific area of research and ability to conduct research work.
- > To learn the process of evaluation of useful and non-useful information.
- > To learn the ways how to write the thesis, and made a clear, detailed and logical arguments.
- > To gain an idea how to asses the experimental results and present data.
- > Developing skill to present and defend their research work in front of panel of experts.
- Developing the ability to publish their research output in high impact journals, present in national/ international conferences/proceedings and in the form of patents.

Content Interaction Plan (Practicum):

Practicum cum Discussion (Each Session of 2 Hours)	Methods/Practicum/Experiment
640 Hours	Student will devote 40 h in one week on experimental work. A total of 16 weeks or 640 hours will be given to them to complete the dissertation work.

DISCIPLINE BASED ELECTIVE COURSE & OPEN ELECTIVE INTERDISCIPLINARY COURSE

Course Details			
Course Title:	Biodiversity, Conserva	ation and Environmer	ntal Biotechnology
Course Code	BTN 8 1 OE 010 04	Credits	4
L+T+P	3 + 1 + 0	Course Duration	One Semester
Semester	Odd	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 15 (T) Hours
Course Type	Open Elective Interdis	ciplinary Course (OEIC	C)
Nature of the Course	Theory and Tutorial		
Special Nature/	Skill Enhancement		
Category of the			
Course (if applicable)			
Methods of Content	Lecture, tutorials, group discussion, self-study, seminar, assignments		
Interaction	and presentation by s	tudents.	
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 		

Semester I

Course Objectives:

- ♦ This course is an introduction to biodiversity and its conservation strategies, environment and types of pollution present in the universe.
- It focuses on the utilization of microbial processes in waste and water treatment, biodegradation of petroleum products and bioremediation.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- Students will learn the importance of biodiversity and its conservation strategies
- Students will have the concept and importance of ecology.
- They will know the biotechnological techniques involved biodiversity conservation and remediation of toxic compounds in the environment.
- Student will know the importance of microbial diversity in environmental systems, processes and biotechnology as well as the importance of molecular approaches in environmental microbiology and biotechnology.

Course Contents (Theory):

UNIT I: Biodiversity –concept and introduction

Concept and principle- history of the earth and biodiversity patterns through geological times; reasons of biodiversity, component of biodiversity, centers of biodiversity; primary and secondary center of diversity, microcenters, concepts of species and speciation, different types of species diversity; biological nomenclature, classical & quantitative methods of taxonomy of plants.

UNIT II: Conservation strategies

Concept and principle of conservation strategies, reasons of loss of biodiversity, causes of endangerment, ex-situ and in situ conservation strategies, selection criteria for protection of species – species quality, IUCN guidelines for red list categories and criteria, red list of indian flora and fauna, selection criteria for protection of habitats – hotspots, conservation indices.

UNIT III: Basics of ecobiotechnology

Composition of atmosphere, lithosphere, hydrosphere; atmospheric layers, ecosystem structure- air, water, soil, primary producers, consumers and decomposers, component of ecosystem, types of ecosystem; ecosystem function- energy flow, food chains, food webs, ecological pyramids & biotic interaction, concepts of sustainable development.

(24% Weightage; 11 lectures)

(16% Weightage; 7 lectures)

(24% Weightage; 11 lectures)

(18% Weightage; 8 lectures)

UNIT IV: Environmental pollution

Air pollution, major sources and effects of air pollutants, water pollution, major sources and effects of water pollutants, soil pollution, major sources and effects of soil pollutants, noise pollution, major sources and effect of of noise pollution, radioactive pollution, major sources and effects of radioactive pollutants, micro-plastics and E-waste.

UNIT V: Remediation strategies of pollutants

(18% Weightage; 8 lectures)

Waste water and sewage treatment, treatment through chemical, microbial and biotech techniques, bioremediation of contaminated soils, phytoremediation of soil metals, xenobiotic compounds, genetically engineered microbes and environmental risk.

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

1 . . . 4

Lecture cum	
Discussion	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic
(Each Session	
of 1 Hour)	
UNIT I: Biodiver	rsity –concept and introduction
1	Concept and principle
2	History of the earth and biodiversity patterns through geological times
3-4	Reasons of biodiversity, component of biodiversity
5	Centers of biodiversity
6	Primary and secondary center of diversity, microcenters
7	Concepts of species and speciation
8	Different types of species diversity
9	Biological nomenclature
10-11	Classical and quantitative methods of taxonomy of plants and animals
UNIT II: Conser	vation strategies
12	Concept and principle of conservation strategies
13	Reasons of loss of biodiversity, causes of endangerment
14	Ex-situ and in situ conservation strategies
15	Selection criteria for protection of species – species quality
16	IUCN guidelines for red list categories and criteria
17	Red list of indian flora and fauna.
18	Selection criteria for protection of habitats – hotspots, conservation indices
UNIT III: Basics	of ecobiotechnology
19	Composition of atmosphere, lithosphere, hydrosphere
20	Atmospheric layers
21-22	Ecosystem structure- air, water, soil, primary producers, consumers and
	decomposers
23	Component of ecosystem
24-26	Types of ecosystem
27-28	Ecosystem function- energy flow, food chains, food webs, ecological pyramids &
	biotic interaction
29	Concepts of sustainable development
UNIT IV: Enviro	nmental pollution
30-31	Air pollution, major sources and effects of air pollutants
32-33	Water pollution, micro-plastics, major sources and effects of water pollutants
34-35	Soil pollution, E-waste, major sources and effects of soil pollutants
36	Noise pollution, major sources and effect of noise pollution
37	Radioactive pollution, major sources and effects of radioactive pollutants
UNIT V: Remed	iation strategies of pollutants
38-39	Waste water and sewage treatment, treatment through chemical, microbial and
	biotech techniques
40	Bioremediation of contaminated soils
41	Phytoremediation of soil metals
42	Xenobiotic compounds
43-45	Genetically engineered microbes and environmental risk
15 Hours	Tutorials

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Dyke, F. V. (2011). Study guide for Conservation Biology: Foundations, Concepts, Applications. Springer Nature.
- 2. Dyke, F. V., & Lamb, R. L. (2020). *Conservation Biology: Foundations, Concepts, Applications*. Springer Nature.
- 3. Groom, M. J., Meffe, G. K., & Ronald, C (2005). *Principles of Conservation Biology*. Sinauer Associates, Inc.
- 4. Krishnamurthy, K. V. (2018). *An Advanced Textbook On Biodiversity: Principles And Practice*. Oxford & IBH Publishing.
- 5. Primack, R. B. (2014). Essentials of Conservation Biology. OUP USA.
- 6. Tchobanoglous, G., Burton, F., & Stensel, H. D (2017). *Wastewater Engineering: Treatment and Reuse*. McGraw Hill Education.
- 7. Bhattacharyya. B. C., & Banerjee, R. (2007). Environmental Biotechnology. OUP.
- 8. Thakur, I. S. (2017) *Environmental Biotechnology: Basic Concepts and Applications* (2nd ed.). I K International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

Course Details			
	Course Title: Developmental Biology		
Course Code	BTN 8 1 DE 011 04	Credits	4
L + T + P	3 + 1 + 0	Course Duration	One Semester
Semester	Odd	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 15 (T) Hours
Course Type	Discipline Based Core	Elective (DBCE)	
Nature of the Course	Theory		
Special Nature/	Not Applicable		
Category of the			
Course (if applicable)			
Methods of Content	Lecture, tutorials, gro	up discussion, self-s	tudy, seminar, assignments
Interaction	and presentation by students.		
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 		

Course Objectives:

- This course introduces to the molecular and cellular principles how a single cell becomes a multicellular organism with specialized tissues and organs.
- ♦ Introduction to molecular and cellular mechanisms involved in development of organisms.
- ♦ The focus will be on the genes and proteins involved in controlling the behavior of cells in the processes of differentiation, morphogenesis and growth.
- ♦ The developmental mechanisms and processes will be examined using genetic model organisms as examples.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- To understand how cells communicate in promoting the development of a multicellular organism,
- > Appreciate the conservation of the molecular and cellular principles across different species.
- To learn the basic understandings of developmental biology providing an invaluable foundation for other aspects of biology as well as medicine, especially as many health issues can be related back to early developmental defects during embryogenesis.

Course Contents (Theory) :

Unit I: Introduction to developmental biology

(10% Weightage; 5 lectures)

Introduction, history and concepts of developmental biology, phases of development, introduction to evolutionary developmental biology (Evo-Devo).

Unit II: Concepts of development

Cell-cell interaction, cell fate and cell lineages, potency, commitment, specification, induction, competence, determination and differentiation, morphogenetic gradients, adhesion, migration, pattern formation, genomic equivalence and cytoplasmic determinants, sexual reproduction including meiosis, germ cells and fertilization, asymmetric cell division, imprinting, mutants and transgenics in analysis of development.

Unit III: Development process in animals

Gametogenesis, cell surface molecules in sperm-egg recognition in animals, fertilization, zygote formation, cleavage, blastula formation, embryonic fields, gastrulation and formation of germ layers in animals, embryogenesis, neurulation, cell aggregation and differentiation in *Dictyostelium*, axes and pattern formation in *Caenorhabditis elegans*, *Drosophila*, zebra fish, amphibian, chick and mammals, somitogenesis and organogenesis, vulva formation in *C. elegans*, eye lens induction, limb development and regeneration in vertebrates, differentiation of neurons, neurulation and CNS development, neural crest cells, post embryonic development- larval formation, metamorphosis and hormonal regulation, environmental regulation of normal development, sex determination.

Unit IV: Development process in plants

Sporogenesis, gametogenesis, fertilization, embryonic and post-embryonic development, embryo sac development and double fertilization in plants, embryogenesis, developmental regulators, establishment of symmetry in plants, growth and tissue differentiation in plants, organization and maintenance of shoot and root apical meristem, organogenesis and organ polarity, shoot and root development, leaf development and phyllotaxy, floral transition, floral meristems and floral development in *Arabidopsis* and *Antirrhinum*, seed formation and germination, genetic manipulation of plant for studying development, fundamental differences between animal and plant development.

Unit V: Implications of developmental biology

Teratogenesis: Teratogenic agents and their effects on embryonic development, *In vitro* fertilization, embryonic and adult stem cells, tissue homeostasis, amniocentesis, ageing.

Lecture cum Discussion (Each Session of 1 Hour)	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic
Unit I: Introducti	on to developmental biology
1-3	Introduction, history and concepts of developmental biology
4	Phases of development
5	Introduction to evolutionary developmental biology (Evo-Devo)
Unit II: Concepts	s of development
6	Cell-cell interaction, cell fate and cell lineages
7-8	Potency, commitment, specification, induction, competence
9	Determination and differentiation, morphogenetic gradients, adhesion, migration
10	Pattern formation, genomic equivalence and cytoplasmic determinants
11	Sexual reproduction including meiosis, germ cells and fertilization, asymmetric cell division
12	Imprinting
13	Mutants and transgenics in analysis of development.
Unit III: Develop	ment process in animals
14-15	Gametogenesis, cell surface molecules in sperm-egg recognition in animals, fertilization, zygote formation
16	Cleavage, blastula formation, embryonic fields, gastrulation and formation of germ layers in animals
17	Embryogenesis, neurulation
18	Cell aggregation and differentiation in Dictyostelium
19-22	Axes and pattern formation in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> , <i>Drosophila</i> , zebra fish, amphibian, chick and mammals
23-24	Somitogenesis and organogenesis, vulva formation in C. elegans, eye lens

Content Interaction Plan (Theory) :

(35% Weightage; 16 lectures)

(20% Weightage; 8 lectures)

(25% Weightage; 11 lectures)

(10% Weightage; 5 lectures)

	induction, limb development and regeneration in vertebrates	
25-26	Differentiation of neurons, neurulation and CNS development, neural crest cells	
27-28	Post embryonic development- larval formation, metamorphosis and hormonal	
	regulation	
29	Environmental regulation of normal development, sex determination	
Unit IV: Develop	ment process in plants	
30	Sporogenesis, gametogenesis, fertilization, embryonic and post-embryonic development	
31	Embryo sac development and double fertilization in plants, embryogenesis	
32	Developmental regulators, establishment of symmetry in plants, growth and tissue differentiation in plants,	
33	Organization and maintenance of shoot and root apical meristem,	
34-35	Organogenesis and organ polarity, shoot and root development, leaf	
	development and phyllotaxy,	
36-37	Floral transition, floral meristems and floral development in Arabidopsis and Antirrhinum	
38	Seed formation and germination	
39	Genetic manipulation of plant for studying development	
40	Fundamental differences between animal and plant development.	
Unit V: Implications of Developmental Biology		
41	Teratogenesis: Teratogenic agents and their effects on embryonic development	
42	In vitro fertilization	
43	Embryonic and adult stem cells	
44	Tissue homeostasis, amniocentesis	
45	Ageing	
15 Hours	Tutorials	
Suggested Readings:		
1. Wolpert, L., & Tickle, C. (2019). Principles Of Development. OUP.		
2. Gilbert, S. F. (2000). Developmental Biology. Sinauer Associates, Inc.		

3. Slack, J. M. W. (2012). Essential Developmental Biology. John Wiley & Sons.

4. Leyser, O., & Day, S. (2002). Mechanisms in Plant Development. Willey-Blackwell.

Semester II

Course Details			
Course Title: Neuroscience			
Course Code	BTN 8 2 OE 012 04	Credits	4
L+T+P	3 + 1 + 0	Course Duration	One Semester
Semester	Even	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 15 (T) Hours
Course Type	Open Elective Interdisciplinary Course (OEIC)		
Nature of the Course	Theory		
Special Nature/	Skill Enhancement		
Category of the			
Course (if applicable)			
Methods of Content Interaction	Lecture, tutorials, group discussion, self-study, seminar, assignments and presentation by students.		
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 		

Course Objectives:

- ✤ To give students a basic understanding of how our nervous system is organized and functions.
- ♦ To acquaint the students with different sense organs and their functions.
- ✤ To promote students for integrative thinking about the brain, behaviour, learning & memory and how disorders of the brain impact us at different levels.
- ♦ To help students understand about different neurological disorders at different levels.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- > Learning about anatomy and functioning of the central and peripheral nervous system.
- > To gain knowledge about various type of cells found in the nervous system.
- > To understand different types of learning and memory and senses.
- > Students will think about therapies for various neurological disorders.
- > Help to eradicate social stigma and superstitions associated with neurological disorders.

Course Contents (Theory) :

Unit I: Organization of the nervous system

Basics about the nervous system, different types of the nervous system, anatomy and functions of the Central Nervous System and Peripheral Nervous System, different parts of the brain and their functions, structure, functions and types of glial cells in the nervous system, blood brain barrier.

Unit II: Neural signaling

lon transport, resting potential, action potential, synaptic and vesicular transmission at excitatory and inhibitory synapses, neurotransmitters.

Unit III: Sensory systems

Anatomy, biochemistry and functioning of vision, olfaction, taste, auditory, tactile, motor system and nocireceptors.

Unit IV: Behaviour, learning and memory

Basics of learning and memory, types of learning and memory, long-term potentiation and depression, different behavioural training paradigms, associative and non-associative learning, reward and punishment learning, fear conditioning, stages of memory, sensory memory, short-term and long-term memory, forgetting, brain systems in memories.

(10% Weightage; 5 lectures)

(30% Weightage; 14 lectures)

(20% Weightage; 8 lectures) e. auditory, tactile, motor system

(15% Weightage: 7 lectures)

Unit V: Neuro-psychiatric disorders

(25% Weightage; 11 lectures)

Chemical control of brain, mental disorders like anxiety, mood disorders, depression, bipolar disorder, PTSD, schizophrenia, dementia, neurodegenerative diseases like Alzheimer's, Parkinson's, Huntington's, multiple sclerosis, amyelotrophic lateral sclerosis, ageing, neurotechnology.

Content Interaction Plan (Theory) :

Lecture cum		
Discussion	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic	
(Each Session		
of 1 Hour)		
Unit I: Organiza	tion of the nervous system	
1	Basics about the nervous system	
2	Different types of the nervous system	
3-4	Anatomy and functions of the Central Nervous System and Peripheral Nervous	
5-10	Different parts of the brain and their functions	
11-12	Structure functions and types of Neurons	
13	Glial cells in the nervous system	
14	Blood brain barrier	
Unit II [.] Neural si	ignalling	
15	Ion transport	
16-17	Resting potential action potential	
18	Synaptic and vesicular transmission at excitatory and inhibitory synapses	
19	Neurotransmitters	
Unit III: Sensorv	v svstems	
20	Anatomy biochemistry and functioning of vision	
21		
22	Taste	
23-24	Auditory	
25	Tactile	
26-27	Motor system nocirecentors	
Unit IV: Behavio	bur, learning and memory	
28-29	Basics of learning and memory types of learning and memory	
30	Long-term potentiation and depression	
31	Different behavioural training paradigms	
32	Associative and non-associative learning reward and punishment learning fear	
	conditioning	
33	Stages of memory, sensory memory, short-term and long-term memory	
34	Forgetting, brain systems in memories	
Unit V: Neuro-p	sychiatric disorders	
35	Chemical control of brain	
36-37	Mental disorders like anxiety, mood disorders	
38	Depression, bipolar disorder	
39	PTSD, Schizophrenia	
40	Dementia, neurodegenerative diseases like Alzheimer's	
41	Parkinson's, Huntington's	
42	Multiple sclerosis, amyelotrophic lateral sclerosis	
43	Ageing	
44-45	Neurotechnology	
15 Hours	Tutorials	
Suggested Readings:		
1. Kandel, E. R. (2021), Principles of Neural Science. McGraw-Hill. New York.		

2. Purves, D., Augustine G. J. & Hall W. C. (2001). Neuroscience. Sinauer Associates, Inc.

3. Nicholls, J. G., & Martin A. R. (2011). From Neuron to Brain. Sinauer Associates, Inc.

Course Details			
Course Title: Cancer Biology			
	1		
Course Code	BTN 8 2 DE 013 04	Credits	4
L + T + P	3 + 1 + 0	Course Duration	One Semester
Semester	Even	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 15 (T) Hours
Course Type	Discipline Based Core Elective (DBCE)		
Nature of the Course	Theory		
Special Nature/	Skill Enhancement		
Category of the			
Course (if applicable)			
Methods of Content	Lecture, tutorials, group discussion, self-study, seminar, assignments and		
Interaction	presentation by students.		
Assessment and	30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but		
Evaluation	also contributing to the final grades)		
	• 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination)		

Course Objectives:

- The course is designed to provide students with a conceptual understanding of the development of cancer at the cellular and molecular levels and appreciate the complexity of cancer development.
- To provide students with an understanding of regulatory network involved in growth ∻ control and tissue organization with special emphasis on studying the mechanisms of tumorigenesis, metastasis, and angiogenesis.
- ⊹ In addition, the course will investigate the development and clinical use of therapies based on the major discoveries in cancer biology research.
- ∻ This course is textbook based but will involve the substantial use of the related primary literature to understand the cellular and molecular basis of current strategies for cancer prevention and treatment.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- To understand the cellular and molecular basis of cancer.
- Current strategies for cancer prevention and treatment. \triangleright
- To take up the research in the frontier area of cancer biology.

Course Contents (Theory):

Unit I: Basics of cancer biology

Basics of Cancer Biology, cancer incidence and mortality; origin of neoplastic cells; cancer as cellular disease; oncogenes, tumour suppressor genes, multistep process of carcinogenesis. Tumor cell growth kinetics, types of cancer, different stages of cancer. Cancer detection and diagnosis.

Unit II: Viral oncogenesis and cancer signaling

(35% Weightage; 17 lectures) Viral carcinogenesis mechanism, oncogenes such as Ras, Src, etc., tumor suppressor genes such as p53, and Rb-E2F interaction, chemical carcinogenesis; initiation, promotion and progression, CDK-Cyclin-CDKI and CDC regulation in cancer progression, IGFR signaling, heredity and cancer; genetic basis of carcinogenesis (e.g. APC mutation and colon cancer), immunological aspects of cancer; leukemia.

Unit III: Epigenetic mechanism and cancer models

Epigenetic mechanisms: DNA and histone modification, and micro RNA in cancer, animal models of cancer research, athymic nude mice model, syngeneic mouse model, transgenic mouse model etc. tumor angiogenesis and its molecular mechanisms, mechanisms of cancer invasion and metastasis and cancer stem cells.

(20% Weightage; 8 lectures)

(20% Weightage; 8 lectures)

Unit IV: Cell death and cancer therapeutics

(25% Weightage; 12 lectures)

Apoptosis, death receptors, mitochondrial proteins, caspases, cancer therapeutics: surgery, radiation and chemotherapy. autophagy, mitophagy, adjuvant therapy, drug resistance, regenerative medicine, identification of new targets for cancer.

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

Lecture cum		
Discussion	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic	
(Each Session		
of 1 Hour)	A	
UNIT I: Basics of	f cancer biology	
1-2	Cancer incidence and mortality; origin of neoplastic cells	
3	Cancer as cellular disease; oncogenes, tumour suppressor genes	
4-5	Multistep process of carcinogenesis. tumor cell growth kinetics	
6-7	Types of cancer, Different stages of cancer	
8	Cancer detection and diagnosis	
UNIT II: Viral ond	cogenesis and cancer signaling	
9-11	Viral carcinogenesis mechanism	
12-14	Oncogenes such as Ras, Src, etc.	
15-16	Tumor suppressor genes such as p53, and Rb-E2F interaction,	
17-19	Chemical carcinogenesis; initiation, promotion and progression,	
20-21	CDK-Cyclin-CDKI and CDC regulation in cancer progression,	
22-24	IGFR signaling, heredity and cancer; genetic basis of carcinogenesis (e.g. APC	
	mutation and colon cancer)	
25	Immunological aspects of cancer; leukemia	
UNIT III: Epigene	etic mechanism and cancer models	
26	DNA and histone modification	
27	micro RNA in cancer	
28-29	Animal models of cancer research; athymic nude mice model	
30-31	Syngeneic mouse model, transgenic mouse model etc	
32-33	Tumor angiogenesis and its molecular mechanisms, mechanisms of cancer	
	invasion and metastasis and cancer stem cells	
UNIT IV: Cell dea	ath and cancer therapeutics	
34-35	Apoptosis, (death receptors, mitochondrial proteins, caspases)	
36-37	Autophagy, mitophagy	
38-39	Cancer therapeutics: surgery, radiation and chemotherapy	
40-41	Adjuvant therapy, drug resistance	
42-43	Regenerative medicine	
44-45	Identification of new targets for cancer	
15 Hours	Tutorials	
Suggested Read	lings:	
1. Wolfgang, A. S. (2007). <i>Molecular Biology of Human Cancers</i> (2 nd ed.). Springer.		
2. Weinberg, R. A. (2013). <i>Biology of Cancer</i> (2 nd ed.). Garland Science		
3 Knasmuller S DeMarini D M Johnson I & Gerhauser C (2009) Chemoprevention of		

 Knasmuller, S., DeMarini, D. M., Johnson, I, & Gerhauser, C. (2009). Chemoprevention of Cancer and DNA Damage by Dietary Factors (1st ed.). Willey-Blackwell Publisher.

Semester III

Course Details			
Course Title: Molecular Diagnostics and Stem Cell Technology			
Course Code	BTN 9 1 DE 006 04	Credits	4
L+T+P	3 + 0 + 1	Course Duration	One Semester
Semester	Odd	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 30 (P) Hours
Course type	Discipline Based Core	Elective (DBCE)	
Nature of course	Theory cum Practicum	ו	
Special Nature/ Category of the Course (<i>if applicable</i>)	Vocational Course		
Methods of Content Interaction	Lecture, practicals, group discussion, self-study, seminar, individual and group drills, assignments and presentation by students.		
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continu also contributi 70% - End Te 	uous Internal Assessm ng to the final grades) rm External Examinatic	ent (Formative in nature but on (University Examination)

Course Objectives:

- To provide a comprehensive understanding of the basic principles of the rapidly growing field of molecular diagnostics applicable to clinical laboratories, research, food, dairy and pharma industries.
- With an overview of essentials the course includes various molecular biology methods related to isolation and quantification of DNA, RNA and proteins.
- It will provide an preliminary training in the essential and common tools/ techniques that are used to isolate, culture, and expand stem cells, manipulate/engineer stem cells, characterize differentiation, and control microenvironments for elucidation of mechanisms and translation for specific applications.
- Hands on experiments of the most commonly used techniques that include to develop skills relevant to molecular diagnostic laboratory for future entrepreneurships and start-ups.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- > Understanding of the basic principle used in molecular diagnostics.
- > To gain thinking and analysis skills to understand new diagnostic methods.
- Student will develop an ability to collect new information to design new diagnostic kits.
- To gain knowledge for important parameters in designing the laboratory, quality system for molecular analyses and to use common molecular diagnostic procedures.
- Become proficient with the techniques required to perform the most commonly used molecular diagnostics protocols.
- > Identify the components of a well-controlled diagnostic test.
- Gaining knowledge for critical thinking skills to trouble shoot problems as they occur and determine possible causes.
- Student will learn how stem cells are currently being used in the clinics and what kinds of future treatments lie on the horizon.

Course Contents (Theory):

UNIT I: DNA and RNA based molecular diagnostics (22% Weightage; 13 lectures)

Principles and techniques: Nucleic acid isolation and quantification methods, primer designing, fidelity of thermostable enzymes (Taq & Pfu polymerases), DNA polymerases. Principle and types of PCR – multiplex, nested, reverse transcriptase, real time PCR, touchdown PCR, hot start PCR, colony PCR, cloning of PCR products. PCR in gene recombination: DNA & RNA hybridization techniques, Flourescence in-situ hybridization (FISH), microarrays, detection of microbial pathogens through PCR, ERIC- and REP-PCR, PFGE and AFLP. Application of these techniques in forensics, paternity identification, sex determination and detecting genetic disorders.

UNIT II: Clinical proteomics

Overview of immune system, antibody based diagnostics, Monoclonal antibodies as diagnostic reagents, diagnosis of bacterial, viral and parasitic diseases by using, ELISA, ELISPOT, RIA, Western blot and immunofluorescence techniques. Immunohistochemistry- principle and techniques, application in diseases diagnosis. Proteomics based diagnosis- Protein profiling for disease diagnosis, 2D analysis of isolated proteins associated with disease by sequencing individual spots by Mass Spectrometry, Protein Micro array, present methods for diagnosis of Specific diseases like Tuberculosis, Malaria and AIDS.

UNIT III: Stem cell culture

Stem cells, stem cell classification and location, stem cell development and differentiation, signaling pathways associated with stem cell development and induced pluripotent stem cells. Reprogramming, transcription factors, trans-differentiation, germ line epithelial and epidermal and neural niches, muscle and cardiac stem cells. Differentiation status of cells, primordial germ cell, skin cell, gastrointestinal cells. Autophagy in cell differentiation and embryonic development, principles and techniques of stem cell culture. Single-cell PCR methods for studying stem cells.

UNIT IV: Application of stem cell technologies

(19% Weightage; 11 lectures) Concept of tissue engineering, role of scaffolds, role of growth factors, potential uses of stem cells in cell based therapies. Molecular diagnostics for detection of tumor. Cancer stem cells, bioartificial organs- liver, heart auricles, blood vessels and skin. Animal models of regeneration, uses of stem cells - human stem cells, embryonic stem cells and gene therapy, SCNT and IVF techniques, therapeutic cloning, ethical issues.

UNIT V: Methods in Molecular Diagnostics and Stem Cell Technology (Practicum) (25% Weightage)

Practicum (Experiments 1-4).

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

Lecture cum Discussion (Each Session of 1 Hour)	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic
UNIT I: DNA and	RNA based molecular diagnostics
1-6	Principles and techniques, nucleic acid isolation, quantification methods, primer designing, types of PCRs. DNA & RNA hybridization techniques, in-situ (FISH), microarrays
6-13	Detection of microbial pathogens through PCR, REP and ERIC-PCR, AFLP, RAPD for animal and plants. Application of these techniques in forensics, paternity identification, sex determination and detecting genetic disorders
UNIT II: Clinical	proteomics
14-15	Overview of immune system, antibody based diagnosis, monoclonal antibodies as diagnostic reagents
16-18	Diagnosis of bacterial, viral and parasitic diseases by using ELISA, ELIPSOT, RIA, Western blot and immunofluorescence techniques
19	Immunohistochemistry – principle and techniques, application in diseases diagnosis
20-22	Proteomics based diagnosis: protein profiling for disease diagnosis, 2D analysis of isolated proteins associated with disease by sequencing individual spots by Mass spectrometry
23	Protein microarray
24-25	Present methods for diagnosis of specific diseases like Tuberculosis, Malaria and AIDS
UNIT III: Stem cell culture	
26	Stem cells, stem cell classification and location, stem cell development and differentiation
27	Signaling pathways associated with stem cell development

(18% Weightage; 12 lectures)

(16% Weightage: 9 lectures)

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28-29	Induced pluripotent stem cells, reprogramming, transcription factors, trans- differentiation			
30-31 Germ line epithelial and epidermal and neural niches, muscle and e				
	cells, differentiation status of cells, primordial germ cell, skin cell, gastrointestinal			
	cells			
32	Autophagy in cell differentiation and embryonic development			
33-34	Principles and techniques of stem cell culture, single-cell PCR methods for			
	studying stem cells			
UNIT IV: Applica	ation of stem cell technologies			
35	Concept of tissue engineering, role of scaffolds, role of growth factors			
36-37	Potential uses of stem cells in cell based therapies, Ethical issues			
38-39	Molecular diagnostics for detection of tumor, cancer stem cells			
40-41	Bioartificial organs- liver, heart auricles, blood vessels and skin			
42-43	Animal models of regeneration, uses of Stem cells - human stem cells,			
	embryonic stem cells and gene therapy			
44-45	SCNT and IVF techniques, therapeutic cloning			
UNIT V: Method	Is in Molecular Diagnostics and Stem Cell Technology (Practicum)			
1-30	-30 Practicum (Experiment 1 to 4)			
Suggested Read	<u>dings:</u>			
1. Griffiths, J.H Genetic And	I. Miller, D.T. Suzuki, R.C. Lewontin and W.M. Gelbart. (2000). An Introduction to alysis. W.H. Freeman, New York.			
2 Malacinski a	and Friefelder (1998) Essentials of Molecular Biology Jones & Bartlett Publishers			
3. Kumar. Wea	3. Kumar, Weatherall, (2008), Genomics and Clinical Medicine Oxford University Press (ISRI			
13: 9780195	13: 978019518834)			
4. Bruns, Den	4. Bruns, Dennis Lo, & Wittwer. (2003). Molecular Testing in Laboratory Medicine: Selections			
from Clinica	from Clinical Chemistry 1998-2001. AACC Press. (ISBN: 1890883603).			
5. Kindt, T. J.	. Kindt, T. J., Osborne, B. A., & Goldsby, R. A. (2013). Kuby Immunology (7th ed.). W. H.			
Freeman.	Freeman.			
6. Newman, P. (1997). Principles and Practice of Immunoassay (2 nd Sub ed.). NPG.				
7. Freshney. (2	7. Freshney. (2010). Culture of Animal Cells (5 th ed.).Wiley-Liss.			
8. Lanza, Gea	3. Lanza, Gearhart. Essentials of Stem Cell Biology (2 nd ed.). Academic Press.			
9. Gilbert, S.F.	. Gilbert, S.F. (2006). Developmental Biology. Sinauer Associates.			
10. Turksen, K.). Turksen, K. (2004). Adult Stem Cells. Humana Press, Inc.			
11. Thomson, J	. et al. (2004). Handbook of Stem Cells: Embryonic/ Adult and Fetal Stem cells			
(Vol. 1 & 2).	(Vol. 1 & 2). Academic Press.			

Unit V: Methods in Molecular Diagnostics and Stem Cell Technology (Practicum) (25% Weightage)

Course Contents:

Experiment 1	DNA and RNA Methods				
	Isolation of DNA/RNA from microbe (E. coli)/ Plant/ mammalian cell				
	lines/ Human (Peripheral Blood)				
	 Quality / Quantity checking of Nucleic acids by a) UV 				
	Spectrophotometer and Agarose Gel Electrophoresis.				
	Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)				
Experiment 2	Protein methods				
	 Protein isolation, quantitation, and resolution by SDS-PAGE 				
	Western blotting and ELISA				
Experiment 3	Immunological methods				
	 Blood typing (ABO determination) 				
	 Precipitation, Immunodiffusion, Immunoelectrophoresis 				
Experiment 4	Animal/stem cell culture experiments				
	 Isolation of stem cells and maintenance of animal/stem cells, 				
	trypsinization, sub-culturing and cryopreservation				
	Viability analysis.				

Content Interaction Plan (Practicum):

Practicum cum Discussion (Each Session of 2 Hour)	Methods/Practicum/Experiment				
1-9	Experiment 1: DNA and RNA Methods				
	 Isolation of DNA/RNA from microbe (E. coli)/ Plant/ mammalian cell lines/ Human (Peripheral Blood) 				
	Quality / Quantity checking of Nucleic acids by a) UV				
	Spectrophotometer and Agarose Gel Electrophoresis.				
	Polymerase Unain Reaction (PUR)				
10-15	Experiment 2: Protein methods				
	 Protein isolation, quantitation, and resolution by SDS-PAGE 				
	 Western blotting and ELISA 				
16-21	Experiment 3: Immunological methods				
	Blood typing (ABO determination)				
	Precipitation, Immunodiffusion, Immunoelectrophoresis				
21-30	Experiment 4: Animal/stem cell culture experiments				
	• Isolation of stem cells and maintenance of animal/stem cells,				
	trypsinization, sub-culturing and cryopreservation				
	Viability analysis.				

Semester IV

Course Details				
Course Title: Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Bioethics and Biosafety				
Course Code	BTN 9 2 OF 007 04	Credits	Δ	
L + T + P	3+1+0	Course Duration	One Semester	
Semester	Even	Contact Hours	45 (L) + 15 (T) Hours	
Course Type	Open Elective Interdisciplinary Course (OEIC)			
Nature of the Course	Theory			
Special Nature/	Not Applicable			
Category of the				
Course (if applicable)				
Methods of Content Interaction	Lecture, tutorials, group discussion, self-study, seminar, assignments and presentation by students.			
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 			

Course Objectives:

- This course explores all the intellectual properties such as patents, copyright, trademark and others in the present context. The course discusses about different national and international IPR issues and various international agreements and treaties.
- Biotechnology and allied fields like Molecular Biology, Biochemistry and Microbiology are promising research-oriented and fast-growing interdisciplinary fields having applications in every sphere of life. Due to growing concerns arising from Genetically-Modified-Organisms (GMOs) it is necessary to understand various national and international biosafety guidelines and bioethics regulations to assess and control the related potential risks.
- This course consists of teachings like good laboratory procedure and practices, standard operating procedures for biotechnology research, legal and institutional framework for biosafety, international agreements and protocols for biosafety.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- The students will learn about the intellectual property rights and their usages to protect work created by human mind that has commercial value.
- The students will have an idea of biosafety guidelines and bioethics regulations so that they can apply while working in laboratory.

Course Contents:

Unit I: Intellectual property rights

Basic concepts of intellectual property: introduction to intellectual property rights; intellectual property laws; trade related aspects of intellectual property rights. Forms of IPR like patent, design and copyright, trademark, IPR laws.

Unit II: Biosafety

(25% Weightage; 11 lectures)

(30% Weightage: 14 lectures)

Definition of biosafety, risk group categorization of organisms, biosafety levels, biosafety for human and environment, general guidelines for rDNA research activity, containment facilities and biosafety practices, guidelines for research in transgenic plants and animals with applications, structure and functions of committees, DBT guidelines on biosafety in conducting research in biology/biotechnology.

Unit III: Bioethics

(25% Weightage; 11 lectures)

General ethics and ethical issues, animal rights, necessity of bioethics, different paradigms of bioethics- national and international, ethical issues against molecular technologies, regulations of genetically modified organisms (GMOs), environmental safety of GMOs, labelling of GM foods, human cloning, bioethics for the future.

Unit IV: Case studies

(20% Weightage; 9 lectures)

Case studies related to patents, copyright, geographical indication and trademark. Issues related to bioethics and biosafety.

Content Interaction Plan:

Lecture cum			
Discussion	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic		
(Each Session			
of 1 Hour)			
Unit I: Intellectua	al property rights		
1-3	Basic concepts of intellectual property: introduction to intellectual property rights		
4-8	Intellectual property laws		
9-12	Trade related aspects of intellectual property rights		
13-14	Forms of IPR like patent, design and copyright trademark, IPR laws		
Unit II: Biosafety			
15-16	Definition of biosafety, risk group categorization of organisms, biosafety levels		
17	Biosafety for human and environment		
18	General guidelines for rDNA research activity		
19-20	Containment facilities and Biosafety practices		
21-22	Guidelines for research in transgenic plants and animals with applications		
23	Structure and functions of Biosafety Committees		
24-25	DBT guidelines on biosafety in conducting research in biology/biotechnology		
Unit III: Bioethics	<u> </u>		
26-27	General ethics and ethical issues		
28-29	Animal rights, necessity of bioethics		
30	Different paradigms of bioethics- national and international		
31-32	Ethical issues against molecular technologies		
33	Regulations of genetically modified organisms (GMOs),		
34	Environmental safety of GMOs, labelling of GM foods,		
35	Ethics in human cloning		
36	Bioethics for the future		
Unit IV: Case stu	Idies		
37-38	Case studies related to patents		
39-40	Case studies related to copyright		
41-42	Case studies related to geographical indication and trademark		
43	Issues related to bioethics		
44-45	Issues related to biosafety		
15 Hours	Tutorials		
Suggested Read	ings:		
1. Vaughn, L. (2	2012). Bioethics: Principles, Issues, and Cases (2 nd ed.). Oxford University Press.		
2. Singer, P. A., & Viens, A. M. (2008). The Cambridge Textbook of Bioethics (1 st ed.).			
Cambridge University Press.			
3. Shannon, T.A., & Kockler, N.J. (2009). An Introduction to Bioethics (4th ed.). Paulist Press.			
4. Sateesh, M. K. (2008). <i>Bioethics and Biosafety</i> . I.K. International Publication House Pvt Ltd.			
5. Joshi, R. M. (2006). Biosafety and Bioethics, Isha Books, New Delhi			
6. Gupta, K., Karihaloo J. L., & Ketarpal R. K. (2008). Biosafety Regulations of Asia-Pacific			
Countries. Wiley.			
7. Richard, W. S. (2001). Intellectual Property: Patents, Trademarks, and Copyrights (2 nd ed.).			

Cengage Learning.

Course Details				
Course Title: Drosophila as a Research Model				
Course Code	BTN 8 1 ME 014 00	Credits	2	
L+T+P	1 + 0 + 1	Course Duration	One Semester	
Semester	Any	Contact Hours	15 (L) + 30 (P) Hours	
Course Type	Mandatory Elective Non-Credit Course (MENC)			
Nature of the Course	Theory cum Practicum			
Special Nature/	Skill Enhancement			
Category of the				
Course (if applicable)				
Methods of Content Interaction	Lecture, practicals, group discussion, self-study, seminar, assignments and presentation by students.			
Assessment and	20% Continuous Internal Assessment (Eermative in nature but			
Evaluation	 50% - Communuous internal Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 			
	 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 			

Mandatory Elective Non-Credit Course

Course Objectives:

- ♦ To make the students familiar with the Drosophila model system, its importance and significance.
- ∻ To train the students for working with Drosophila (fruit flies), identification of sexes, and their life cycle.
- ∻ To train the students for using different behavioural paradigms to measure olfactory learning and memory, basic genetics and molecular biology using flies.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- \triangleright Student will understand the fly model system, how to work with this model to solve different biological problems.
- Plan and do research on various neurological problems using fly model.
- Can develop a fly lab themselves. \triangleright

Course Contents (Theory):

Unit I: Culturing the flies (10% Weightage: 3 lectures) Different types of culturing media used for rearing flies, learning techniques to keep the flies healthy.

Unit II: Life cycle of flies

An understanding of the life cycle of D. melanogaster, an insect which exhibits complete metamorphosis

Unit III: Setting up genetic crosses

Identification of male and female flies, virgin flies, collection of virgin flies and setting up genetic crosses and observe the effects in the next generation.

Unit IV: Behavioural experiments

(13% Weightage; 4 lectures) Measuring olfaction, learning and memory in larvae and adult of flies.

Unit V: Molecular biology with flies

Extraction of genomic DNA, RNA and protein from flies and determination of marker gene by PCR.

Unit VI: Methods in Drosophila Techniques (Practicum)

Practicum (Experiments 1-6).

(10% Weightage; 4 lectures)

(7% Weightage; 2 lectures)

(10% Weightage; 3 lectures)

(50% Weightage)

Content Interaction Plan (Theory):

• •				
Lecture cum				
Discussion	Unit/Topic/Sub-Topic			
(Each Session				
of 1 Hour)				
Unit I: Culturing t	the flies			
1-2	Different types of culturing media used for rearing flies.			
3	Learning techniques to keep the flies healthy.			
Unit II: Life cycle	of flies			
4-5	Gain an understanding of the life cycle of D. melanogaster, an insect which			
	exhibits complete metamorphosis.			
Unit III: Setting u	p genetic crosses			
6	Identification of male and female flies, virgin flies.			
7-8	Collection of virgin flies and setting up genetic crosses and observe the effects			
	in the next generation.			
Unit IV: Behaviou	Iral experiments			
9-10	Measuring olfaction.			
11-12	Learning and memory in larvae and adult of flies.			
Unit V: Molecular	r Biology with flies			
13	Extraction of genomic DNA from flies.			
14	Extraction of RNA from flies			
15	Extraction of Protein from flies			
Unit VI: Methods	Unit VI: Methods in Drosophila Techniques			
1-30	Practicum (Experiment 1 to 6)			
Suggested Readings:				
1. Dahmann, C.	(2008). Drosophila Methods and Protocols. Springer-Verlag New York, LLC			
2. Sullivan, W.,	Ashburner, M., & Hawley, R. S. (2000). Drosophila Protocols. Cold Spring Harbor			
Laboratory, U	SA.			

3. Greenspan, R. J. (2004). Fly Pushing: The Theory and Practice of Drosophila Genetics, Second Edition. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, USA.

Unit VI: Methods in *Drosophila* as a Research Model (Practicum) (50% Weightage)

Course Contents:

Experiment 1	Preparation of corn meal agar media for culturing flies, transfer of flies.
Experiment 2	Identification of different stages of flies in their life cycle.
Experiment 3	Identification of male and female flies, collection of virgin female flies and setting
	up genetic crosses with males.
Experiment 4	Setting up two-choice assay for measuring olfaction in adult flies.
Experiment 5	Training and measuring learning and memory in larvae and adults of flies.
Experiment 6	Extraction of genomic DNA, RNA and protein from flies.

Content Interaction Plan (Practicum):

Practical cum Discussion (Each Session of 2 Hours)	Methods/Practicum/Experiment
1-6	Experiment 1: Preparation of corn meal agar media for culturing flies, transfer of flies
7-12	Experiment 2: Identification of different stages of flies in their life cycle.
13-18	Experiment 3: Identification of male and female flies, Collection of virgin female flies and setting up genetic crosses with males.
19-21	Experiment 4: Setting up two-choice assay for measuring olfaction in adult flies.
22-24	Experiment 5: Training and measuring learning and memory in larvae and adults of flies.
25-30	Experiment 6: Extraction of genomic DNA, RNA and protein from flies.

Course Details			
	Course Title:	Summer Training	
Course Code	BTN 8 2 ME 015 00 Credits 2		
L+T+P	0 + 0 + 2	Course Duration	One Semester
Semester	Any	Contact Hours	60 (P) Hours
Course Type	Mandatory Elective Non-Credit Course (MENC)		
Nature of the Course	Practical		
Special Nature/	Skill based		
Category of the			
Course (if applicable)			
Methods of Content	Literature review, methodology, laboratory work, dissertation writing and		
Interaction	presentation.		
Assessment and	30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but		
Evaluation	also contributing to the final grades)		
	70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination)		

Course Objectives:

♦ An investigation driven small project, designing the work, performing experiments and learn techniques associated with the project.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- > To gain training how to use techniques and perform experiments.
- > To learn writing the thesis, asses the experimental results and present the data.

Course Details			
	Course Title: V	illage Based Skills	
Course Code	BTN 9 1 ME 008 00	Credits	2
L+T+P	0 + 0 + 2	Course Duration	One Semester
Semester	Any	Contact Hours	60 (P) Hours
Course Type	Mandatory Elective Non-Credit Course (MENC)		
Nature of the Course	Practical		
Special Nature/	Skill based		
Category of the			
Course (if applicable)			
Methods of Content	Group discussion, visiting nearby village to learn skills relevant to		
Interaction	villages.		
Assessment and Evaluation	 30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but also contributing to the final grades) 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 		

For Village based skills, the Department should contact Mukhiya and Sarpanch of the particular village for their visit. Financial support for this course should be provided by the University. After the visit student should submit the excursion report.

Course Objectives:

- ✤ To make the students familiar with the skills such as pottery making, natural fiber roof etc. prevalent in villages.
- ♦ Village population and health.
- \diamond To show the students the way villagers lead their life.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- > Learn about several small level skill developments.
- > They will understand about the ways the villagers adopt for their healthy and good life.

Course Details					
	Course Title: Field and Excursion Tour				
Course Code	BTN 9 1 ME 009 00 Credits 2				
L+T+P	0 + 0 + 2	Course Duration	One Semester		
Semester	Any	Contact Hours	60 (P) Hours		
Course Type	Mandatory Elective Non-Credit Course (MENC)				
Nature of the Course	Practical				
Special Nature/	Skill based				
Category of the					
Course (if applicable)					
Methods of Content	t Visiting Biotechnology Based Industries				
Interaction					
Assessment and	30% - Continuous Internal Assessment (Formative in nature but				
Evaluation	also contributing to the final grades)				
	 70% - End Term External Examination (University Examination) 				

Course Objectives:

- ☆ To make the students familiar with the Biotechnology Based Industries/Institutes involved in the production of drugs / biological / pharmaceuticals / vaccines / food processing.
- ♦ To show the students the process of fermentation/pharmaceuticals/plant tissue culture.
- ♦ To show the students R &D related to stem cell research and other high end research.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- Learn about optimization process involved in the industries.
- They will understand about the ways for scaling up the production of the products from lab to industry.

Code & Course title of Previous Syllabus	Code & Equivalent Course title of New Syllabus
Discipline Based Core Course (DBCC)	
Semester-I	
MSBTN1001C04 & Cell Biology and Genetics	BTN 8 1 DC 001 04 & Cell and Molecular Biology
MSBTN1002C04 & Biomolecules & Biochemistry	BTN 8 1 DC 002 04 & Biochemistry
MSBTN1003C04 & Instrumentation: Tools and	BTN 8 1 DC 003 04 & Tools and Techniques in
Techniques in Biotechnology	Biotechnology
MSBTN1004C04 & Bioinformatics and	BTN 8 1 DC 004 04 & Introductory Course on
Biostatistics	Research Methodology
MSBTN1005C04 & Lab 1 (MSBTN1001C04 +	None
MSBTN1002C04 + MSBTN1003C04)	
Semester-II	
MSBTN2001C04 & Molecular Biology & Genomics	None
MSBTN2002C04 & Microbiology	BTN 8.2 DC 005.04 & Microbiology
MSBTN2002C04 & Microbiology	BTN 8 2 DC 006 04 & Immunology 8
MODINZOUSCO4 & Enzymology	Immunotechniques
MSBTN2004C02 & Biology of Immune System	BTN 8 2 DC 007 04 & Enzymology & Enzyme
	Technology
MSBTN2005C02 & Lab 3 (2001C04 + 2002C04)	BTN 8 2 DC 008 02 & Practical in Microbiology
MSBTN2006C02 & Lab 4 (2003C04 + 2004C04)	BTN 8 2 DC 09 02 & Practicals in Immunology
	Immunotechniques
Semester-III	
MSBTN3001C04 & Recombinant DNA Technology	BTN 9 1 DC 001 04 & Recombinant DNA Technology
MSBTN3002C04 & Bioprocess Engineering	BTN 9 1 DC 002 04 & Bioprocess Engineering
MSBTN3003C04 & Animal Biotechnology	BTN 9 1 DC 003 04 & Animal Biotechnology
MSBTN3004C04 & Plant Biotechnology	BTN 9 1 DC 004 04 & Plant Biotechnology
MSBTN3005C04 & Lab 5 (3001C04 + 3002C04)	None
MSBTN3006C04 & Lab 6 (3003C04 + 3004C04)	None
Seme	ster-IV
MSBTN4001C16 & Project Dissertation	BTN 9 2 DC 005 20 & Project Dissertation
Discipline Based Core Elective (DBCE)/ Open Elective Interdisciplinary Course (OEIC)	
Semester-I	
MSBTN1001E04 & Biodiversity & Ecobiotechnology	BTN 8 1 OE 010 04 & Biodiversity, Conservation
······································	and Environmental Biotechnology
MSBTN1002E04 & Metabolism & Metabolic Eng.	BTN 8 1 DE 011 04 & Developmental Biology
Semester-II	
MSBTN2001E04 & Cancer Biology	BTN 8 2 OE 012 04 & Cancer Biology
MSBTN2002E04 & IPR, Bioethics & Biosafety	Moved to 4 th semester
MSBTN2002E04 & Neuroscience	BTN 8 2 DE 013 04 & Neuroscience
Seme	ster-III
MSBTN3001E04 & Neurological Diseases & Techniques	Deleted
MSBTN3002E04 & Techniques in Molecular	BTN 9 1 DE 006 04 & Molecular Diagnostics and
Diagnostics and Stem Cell Technology	Stem Cell Technology
Semester-IV	
	BTN 9 2 OE 007 04 & IPR. Bioethics and Biosafety
Mandatory Elective Noncredit Course (MENC)	
Drosopnila i ecnniques	BIN & 1 ME 014 00 - Drosophila as a Research
	BIN 82 ME 015 00 - Summer Training
	BIN 91 ME 008 00 - Village Based Skills
Field and Excursion I our	BIN 91 ME UU9 UU - Field and Excursion I our

Equivalence of Previous Syllabus vs. Proposed New Syllabus as Per NEP2020